DAIRY SUPPLIES

Churns, Dairy Pails, Cream Cans, Butter Bowls, Moulds and Spades, &c., &c.

STRATHMORE HARDWARE

THE STRATHMORE STANDARD AND BOW VALLEY

FARM SUPPLIES

SPECIAL PRICES ON Tank Heaters Forges, Blowers, Highest Grade Farm Tools

STRATHMORE HARDWARE

VOL. VII., NO. 27 STRATHMORE, ALBERTA, APRIL 5, 1916. Subscription Price, 1.00 per year

LOCAL JOTTINGS

Miss Gladys Nock was a visitor to Calgary on Saturday.

BORN—To Mr and Mrs. Bemer McLaughlin, on Tuesday March 28th, a son.

BORN—To Mr and Mrs Robert Goodwin, on Wednesday March 29th, a son.

The Methodist Ladies Aid will meet at the home of Mrs Hall on Thursday afternoon at 2-30 o'clock.

On Thursday last, while hauling grain to the ocal elevators, Mr. F. Stangier, had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse. The horse dropped dead within a mile of town. The cause of death is unknown.

Mr Fred Falkner, who has been attending the Olds Agricultural School during the winter months returned on Friday last to Strathmore. He along with his parents will make his home in the Drumheller district.

On Wednesday next, at the Namaka Colony, Mr C. K. West will offer his entire farming outfit at public Auction. Advantage will no doubt be taken of this sale by the resident farmers.

This (Wednesday) evening at 8 o'clock at the Methodist Church, the Rev. T. H. Bole will deliver a lecture on "A thousand miles up the river Nile." The lecture will be illustrated with limelight views. Everybody welcome.

The Government road outfit have been encamped at Strathmore during the week. They are busy grading the road from Calgary to Namaka. When they get through with it we expect that the autos will be making full use of the improved conditions.

Mr W. G. Way was a visitor to Calgary on Friday last on business connected with the Municipality. He returned on Saturday accompanied by his son, Clifford, of the 82nd Batt, who has received leave of absence for a month to help put in their share of the crop. We hope will be another bumper crop.

Mrs. Harold A. Wright and daughter, who have been the guests of Mr and Mrs Lofmell for some time left on Saturday for Leamington, Ontario, where they will remain until after the war visiting at the home of her parents. Mr Wright, it will be remembered, enlisted with the 56th Battalion, who are now on their way for overseas service.

The Presbyterian Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs Sugden on Tuesday afternoon. Mrs Green was the hostess.

Mr. Sam McNaught and James Martin returned on Sunday last, after spending the winter months at the Vermillion school of Agriculture.

Dr. Girvin is now sporting a new Maxwell car. He has traded with the agent, Mr J. Walls, having disposed of his two cars, a McLaughlin and a Ford in the deal.

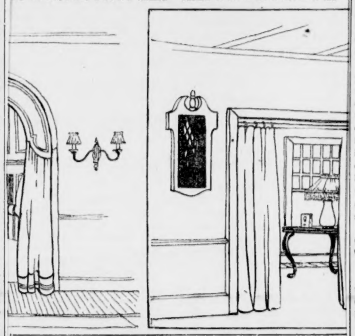
Mr and Mrs W. C. Brown and family have taken up their residence in town during the past week. They are residing in the Crossley property on Third Street.

A meeting is called for Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in the sample room of the King Edward hotel to decide as to whether we can get enough material together this season to form a Baseball Club. All those interested in baseball are expected to be present.

Mr T. J. Kelly, who for some time has been the genial Ledger keeper at the Union Bank here, left on Monday for his father's farm at DeWinton where he expects to remain for the season. His father happened an accident which necessitated his departure. Mr McGall, of Calgary has accepted the position thus vacated.

Mr. E. V. Todd, who for the past four or five months has been visiting friends and relatives in Nebraska, returned to Strathmore on Sunday evening. He has not returned alone, he having entered the United State during his visit. He along with Mrs Todd will make their home on his farm within 3 miles of Strathmore.

Messrs H. Wooster, of Namaka and George Jackson, of Cheadle, topped the market at Calgary with a nice well finished carload of steers. The price paid being $7.55. The receipts that day were over 600 head. This is very commendable and goes to show that this district will soon be in the forefront as a cattle raising district if this kind of attention to stock is kept up. It is only in the past few years that the farmers of this district have turned their attention to this end of the farming business and they are finding out much to the pleasure and profit that it pays to raise stock of all kinds and not put too much stress on wheat even in these times when wheat prices are apt to soar and have a deleterious effect on mixed farming.



HELPS FOR HOMEM.

In this department we gladly answer questions regarding housekeeping. A reply will be sent by mail when a self-addressed stamped envelope is enclosed.

To "THE Housekeeping Editor.

I am to furnish a small bedroom, what kind of beds to buy.

Would a mahogany dresser, desk and bench and a table to have twin beds, not much room for anything else.

Would you suggest the cheapest iron beds with brass trimmings would be in good taste.

Would it be large enough for two and what paper, white woodwork, and a blue rug.

I wonder if you know that most attractive mahogany-finished single beds can be bought for as low as $16.00 each. They are full size, have panel ends, are well made and are absolutely strong and quality. There are also mahogany-finished beds in other styles at about this price. I think you would be much more apt to get beds of this sort rather than those of white enamel.

For the dresser, desk, bench and table I should say that I find the best of a small bedroom furniture is that of the ivory enamel, resembling the hospital furniture, without brass trimmings.

For the Housekeeping Editor.

Please tell me if I find the part of a bedroom that I have to furnish, what kind of beds to buy.

Would a mahogany dresser, desk and bench and a table to have twin beds, not much room for anything else.

Would you suggest the cheapest iron beds with brass trimmings would be in good taste.

Would it be large enough for two and what paper, white woodwork, and a blue rug.

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IE DESIGNS

Hard Times and April Fool Dance Draws Good House.

If Strathmore has felt the pinch of the much spoken of Hard Times, it was beautifully conspicuous by its absence on Friday evening when the Hard Times and April Fool Dance was held at the Opera House under the auspices of the Opera House Committee. If the dresses that the ladies were wearing were an indication of the oldest and oddest that they could find to wear on this occasion, we are at a loss to understand what good times might portend in this particular in Strathmore. We know that they were not arrayed in their best, but most of them could pass muster for a second best. The gentlemen, too whose apparel we expected would show perhaps more of the strenuous experiences through which it had past, were bedecked in garments which would be quite passable for the Editor's Sunday best. Perhaps the major part of it was purchased at Tommy Wright's store, which probably accounts for its respectable appearance, even after years of service. Whatever the cause, it was quite evident that Strathmore has at least held her own during the hard times, both past and present, and she will emerge some day, ere long, a brighter, bigger and busier Strathmore because of the testing time through which she is now passing.

The dance was well attended, the fair sex were slightly in the minority and consequently the gentlemen had the pleasure of engaging ahead if they felt like dancing with a certain lady on this occasion. The music was, as usual, good; and the supper served in the lower rooms, with Dad Tibbets doling out his precious and ever welcome coffee, made the evening pass both rapidly and very pleasantly. In fact when the time arrived for the breaking up of the happy party, it was with reluctance that the company tore itself away in ones or twos, as the case might be, to their respective homes. All went away feeling that the evening had been one of the most enjoyable spent during the season.

Special School Meeting

A special meeting of the school trustees was held in the Council Chambers on Wednesday evening last, March 29th.

Present: Chariman Lilly, Trustees Gatenby, Anderson, Sly and Seymour. Principal Niddrie was also in attendance.

The business of the meeting was the consideration of the Inspector's Report, which was read.

The school report, in effect, is as follows: Very favorable comment is made upon the High School, the Principal doing excellent work in this department, being deeply interested in the work, and the discipline and the attitude of the pupils towards their work are excellent. The trustees are asked to give the Principal all support in his effort to raise the standing of the school. In this connection a footnote is added which is as follows: "Your High School Department is the best in the Inspectorate. You need special equipment for the work in physical science in grades IX and X."

The other rooms are also very favorably commented upon, the work in most cases being splendid and the teachers evidently giving satisfaction both in the methods of advanced teaching in approved methods and also in the presentation of new material which is given in a very logical and straightforward manner, while the aptitude of the pupils to their work in the various departments is good.

The Board also are complimented, stating that they appear to be giving due attention to all school matters and to be working in co-operation with the Principal. The business being handled promptly and efficiently.

The report was duly adopted and satisfaction was expressed, especially by the showing the High School had made, more so in view of the fact that some adverse criticism had been forthcoming when the instituting of the High School had first been mooted for Strathmore. The very excellent report certainly justifies the existence of a High School at this point.

BICYCLES! BICYCLES!

THIS cheap and speedy mode of transit is accessible to all. We have just received a splendid line of the Famous CLEVELAND CYCLES, which are on Display in our Window. As cheap here as anywhere else.

IT is a pleasure for us to show our Complete Line of BEDS, MATTRESSES, FURNITURE, ETC.

WM. E. BROWN,
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

GET YOUR HARNESS READY FOR THE SPRING WORK

Harness Oiled and Repaired.

Perfect Work at Reasonable Prices

Shoe Repairs Promptly and Skilfully Done.

Skates Sharpened.

T. H. EVES
Agent for De Laval Separators.

The King Edward Hotel

STRATHMORE, ALTA.

: : THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE : :

Rates $2.00 and $2.50 per day

AMERICAN PLAN

ome drapery, or have you some that you are sure will ook better without? Have you a wide, bleak openng between your living room and dining room? Have ou decoratively inonvenient folding oors? And, last of all, ave you a doorway hat is arched, and so oundly arched that ou have not yet diovered a way to suspend from thence a air of straight-edged ortains? Then you ill want to read the rticle entitled "The oorway and Its Treatent."

SUNLIGHT SOAP

Sunlight Soap is made for the housewife's profit, for only thereby can the makers hope to profit. Sunlight Soap makes your work lighter, your clothes whiter, your home brighter. It is mild and pure and does not harm either hands or fabric.

Sunlight Soap
5 CENTS

COWAN'S
Supreme Chocolate

A pure, unsweetened, cooking chocolate. Easily melted and mixed, containing that rich chocolate flavor that can only be obtained from the finest and most expensive cocoa beans. For years the most satisfactory cooking chocolate in Canada.

Sold everywhere. Made in Canada.

A-17

Delicious with Blanc Mange

Have you never tried "Crown Brand" with Blanc Mange and other Corn starch Puddings? They seem to blend perfectly—each improves the other—together. Here make another inexpensive dessert that everyone says are "simply delicious".

EDWARDSBURG "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP

is ready to serve over all kinds of Puddings—makes a new and attractive dish of such an old favorite as Baked Apples—is far cleaner than Butter or preserves when spread on bread—and is best for Candy-making.

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup—more delicate in flavor than "Crown Brand". Perhaps you would prefer it.

ASK YOUR GROCER—5 LB. TO 2O LB. TINS

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
Head Office - Montreal

36

Recruiting Facts And Figures

Analysis of Nationality, Occupation and Religion of Recruits in the 100th Battalion, Winnipeg

Some very interesting recruiting figures are provided by Major D. M. Reid, of the 100th Battalion, Winnipeg Grenadiers, a unit now being rapidly organized for service overseas. These facts and figures indicate that so far as the One Hundredth is concerned the majority of those enlisting continue to be Englishmen. An analysis shows:

English	47%
Canadians	37%
Scotch	7%
Irish	7%
Others	2%

The "others" include Welshmen, Americans and New Zealanders.

That married men are still enlisting in large numbers is shown by the fact that of several hundred men whose records were taken, 35% were married men and about two-thirds of these had families.

The ratio of rejections in the One Hundred is somewhat high, believes the strict standard maintained by the battalion. Slightly under 40% of the applying have been rejected by the doctor. The desire of these unfit individuals to serve is commendable, but on active service physical fitness is first essential.

It might also be mentioned that the junior element of the community, displaying great keenness to take its part in the game. Three fifths of the many drummers and buglers have been as the One Hundred's quota.

It is appropriate that the One Hundred, raised by the well-known Winnipeg Grenadiers and essentially a Winnipeg unit, should attract a high proportion of Winnipeg men. But it is particularly worthy of note that fewer than 5% of the total strength so far are actual natives of Winnipeg, being born in Winnipeg.

Under the heading "Occupation" much interesting data is elicited. A careful analysis reveals the following list of classifications and the number available throughout the enlistments thus far exceptionally large claim of men joining the 100th Battalion.

Percent occupations of men enlisted in the 100th Battalion:

Skilled Mechanics	6%
Farmers and Ranchers	15%
Clerk, Bank Clerks, Book-keepers, etc.	18%
Tradesmen	5%
Professional and Business Men	9%
Railway Employees	8%
Engineers, civil and mechanical	8%
Carpenters, Moulders, etc.	7%
Miscellaneous	15%

Many and varied occupations are grouped together under the heading "Miscellaneous". Some of the most interesting are as follows: Aeroplane makers, railroad contractors, building contractors, commission brokers, school masters, college students, accountants, jewellers, bankers, real estate agents, grain buyers, artists, printers, cutters, miners, florists, gardeners, moving picture operators.

It is interesting to observe the varied ethnics under the heading "Birthplace". Of the Canadian born, 47% were born in Canada. England leads with almost half (49%) of the battalion acknowledging that nationality. Ireland is a bit ahead of Scotland that there is precisely the same percentage of Englishmen in the battalion as of members of the Church of England, viz., 47%. The ratios are:

Church of England	47%
Presbyterian	24%
Methodist	14%
Roman Catholic	10%
Baptist	1%
Other denominations	5%

The "Other Denominations" include almost every known variety, including Christian Scientists and Plymouth Brethren.

Nervous Country Gentleman (to taxi just misses pedestrian)—Do drive carefully, please. I'm not accustomed to taxis.

Driver—That's funny! I ain't used to 'em, neither. As a matter of fact, I've only taken this on for a bet.—Punch.

WOMAN SUFFERAGE.

Its War Time Aspect.

London, Eng. The women of England are doing their duty. They are taking care of the wounded, or if they can assist in work of that kind they are adding their savings to promote the war. They are knitting and sewing for soldiers at the front. The struggle is given so little trouble to the government that it will undoubtedly soften the hearts of those in Parliament, under the "militants" have turned all their energies and the fighting spirit of the militant suffragettes has been turned against the common enemy. No suffrage bill seems to have a chance while the war is on.

Thousands of women in Canada have overcome their sufferings, and have won a record of woman's love for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This temperance medicine, though started nearly half a century ago, sells more widely to-day, because it is made without alcohol or narcotics. It can even be had in tablet form as well as in liquid, and every woman who suffers from "female weakness," nervousness, should take this "Prescription" of Dr. Pierce. It is prepared from Nature's roots and herbs and does not contain a particle of alcohol or any drug-habit. A full list of the prescription and its ingredients are printed on wrappers.

Many a woman is nervous and irritable, feels dragged down and worn out for no reason that she can think of. In seventy-five per cent. of these cases it is the womanly organism that requires attention; the weak back, dizzy spells and black circles about the eyes, are only symptoms. Go to the source of trouble. When that is corrected the other symptoms disappear.

St. Thomas, Ont.—"I wish to say, for the benefit of other women who suffer as I did, that I recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a great help. I have personally recommended the medicine to many who in turn have been helped a great deal by its use."—Miss A. Bowser, 19 Olive St., St. Thomas, Ont.

It's Bovril they want

Bovril makes other foods nourish you. It has a Body-building power proved equal

POULTRY FARM

Ardenode P.O., Alberta

HIGH-CLASS PURE-BRED POULTRY BREEDS, IMPORTED STOCK

Jones and Fred Kennedy's Strain Direct, will produce winners $3 per sitting of 15 Male from Clark, Ontario. Typical Layers. $2 per sitting of 15 headed by male winning Silver Cup at first prize Mission Fall Fair, also Sire of the Show, B. C. Bred from a 200 egg hen. Eggs

Fertile. Clears replaced Free
each Saturday in Strathmore to suit Customers.
Postal Note or Money Order.
packed to carry safely any distance.

CHAS O DAWSON.

MORTGAGE SALE OF TOWN PROPERTY

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act, under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by F. H. Tucker, Auctioneer, by Public Auction at the Post Office, in the Town of Strathmore, in the Province of Alberta, on Friday, the 7th day of April, 1916, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:

Lot Seven (7), in Block Four (4), according to a plan of part of the Town of Strathmore of record in the Land Titles Office for the South Alberta Land Registration District as Plan Strathmore 4810-N.

Terms of sale to be 20 per cent. cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and to any encumbrances, save: The exceptions, reservations and conditions appearing in the original grant from the Crown, and existing Certificate of Title, and taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about a quarter of a mile from the Railway Station and Post Office in the Town of Strathmore; that there is a frame dwelling barn containing three double stalls, two box stalls, harness room and large loft; that the said property is fenced with woven wire.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the undersigned Solicitors Dated at Calgary in the Province of Alberta, this 23rd day of February, A.D. 1916.

CLARKE, CARSON, MACLEOD & CO.
Vendor's Solicitors.
Approved—A. T. KINNAIRD,
Deputy Registrar.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following described lands situated in the Town of Strathmore, will be sold at Public Auction at the Town Hall, Strathmore, on Saturday, the 22nd day of April, 1916, at 2 p.m.

Lots 35 and 38, Block 1, Plan 4810 N.

Lots 20, 27 and 28, Block 2, Plan 4810 N.

Lots 14, 15, 25, 26 and 27, Block 4, Plan 4810 N.

Lots 19 and 20, Block 7, Plan

Germans Lose One Million Men

Official Lists of Casualties Are Now Being Deliberately Falsified

The German official casualty list's give a total of 651,768 dead to January 31, 1916. The average delay between the death of a German soldier and the appearance of his name on the official lists is from four to six weeks. The above figures, therefore, can hardly include casualties later than December 31, 1915.

To this figure must be added a certain proportion of missing. The number or prisoners is precisely known to the allies, and after deducting a small percentage for desertion, the number of dead in the German lists of missing is not less than 160,000, making a total, derived from the Germans' own admission, of 810,000.

These do not all. Apart from the lists published by the German government, the French authorities have

Barrister
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Collections Handled
Office hours 9 to 6 daily
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GIRVIN BLOCK, STRATHMORE

Lambert's Drug & Stationery

JEWELERY REPAIRING

Watches and Jewelery of all kinds Repaired. Agent for D. E. Hill & Co., Jewellers, Calgary.

LENDING LIBRARY

DR. J. ELMER WRIGHT
DENTAL SURGEON
21 Aull Block, Cor 12th Ave. and 8th St., W. Calgary, Alta.
Phones—Office M1083, Res. W

JOHN S. McKAY
Licensed Auctioneer
STRATHMORE, ALBERTA

A. L. CLEMENS
AUCTIONEER
Arrangements can be made Jos Van Tighem, Union Farmer, Strathmore, or myself at High

J. J. PETRIE
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public
Suite 2, Mills Block, 322a 8th Ave. West, Calgary
Attends Lambert Block, Strathmore Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

Telephone R202 P.O. Box

ROSEMERE FARM
STRATHMORE
MILK & CREAM IN BOTTLES
On Sale at the Strathmore Bakery
J. BOLTON

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

INFLUENZA

Catarrhal Fever
Pink Eye, Shipping Fever, Epizootic

And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat speedily cured, colts and horses in some stable kept from having them by using Spohn's Distemper Compound. It is it does often cure one bottle guaranteed to cure one case. Safe for brood mares, baby colts, stallions, all ages and conditions. Most skilful scientific compound. Sold by the bottle or dozen. Any druggist or delivered by manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

Will Recognize Volunteer Corps

This will Bring 400,000 Men Under Control of the War Office

The British Government has decided to grant official recognition to all forces affiliated with the Volunteer Training Corps under the volunteer act of 1863.

This step will bring the Volunteer Training Corps, which contains between 200,000 and 400,000 men, under the control of the War Office for home defence employment, thereby relieving regular troops for more active service. All the groups of unarmed men who were attested for service in the army under the Lord Derby scheme will be called for service in batches, according to reports.

Beginning on April 15 with the younger groups, men of 24 to 35 years of age will be called out.

The unexpected early call for married men has brought a great many complaints to the newspapers protesting that the wholesale exemptions and postponements in the cases of attested single men are a virtual violation of the pledge given the married men that they would not be called until all the available single men had been recruited.

The Central Recruiting Committee has passed a resolution to the effect that serious injustice will be done married men who attested under the Derby scheme unless the government enforces compulsory military service for all unattested married men.

Beginning April 28 with the younger groups, the men of 24 to 25 years, will be called out, and subsequently the men will be summoned as follows: May 12, men of 34 to 36 years; May 27, men 37 to 39; June 10, men 40 to 42; and June 24, men aged 42 to 45. The oldest group men, 46 years of age, will be called on July 8. These arrangements are provisional.

Praises This Asthma Remedy.—A grateful user of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy finds it the only remedy that will give relief, though for thirteen years he had sought other help. Years of needless suffering may be prevented by using this wonderful remedy at the first warning of trouble. Its use is simple, its cost is slight and it can be purchased almost anywhere.

It was the recreation hour at school. "Tommy," said the teacher pleasantly, "do you know 'How Doth the Little Busy Bee?'"

"Yes, ma'am," said Tommy. "But you betcher life I know he doth it."

CLIFTON CLOTHES

are ageless, well-made, and perfect fitting. All ordered clothing made to measure. Agents wanted in every town.

The Clifton Tailors, Limited
20 Hayter St., Toronto, Ont.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address:

THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

BLACK LEG

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED by Cutter's Blackleg Pills. Low-priced, but the best. Use 5 days on suspicion of Blackleg. If they fail when other vaccines fail, Write for booklet and testimonials. 10-dose pkge. Blackleg Pills $1.00 50-dose pkge. Blackleg Pills $4.00 Sold by druggists or direct.

The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 15 Years of specializing on vaccines and serums only. Insist on Cutter's or none. Controllable under contract. THE CUTTER LABORATORY, Berkeley, Cal.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. N-H N-3 N-5

THERAPION

Used in French Hospitals with great success. Cures Cold Under the Head, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Lumbago, Sciatica, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Hysteria, Epilepsy, Dizziness, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sexual Weakness, Female Troubles, Etc. Etc.

FREE Write for booklet and testimonials.

THERAPION Lasting Cure. Safe. Certain. Prompt. Sold by druggists or direct. 50 cents a box. Trial box 25 cents. Postage 2 cents extra. Agents wanted. THERAPION CO., 1133 Broadway, New York.

SELLING AGENTS WANTED

in every town in Canada to sell "Sterling Clothes" to measure. They are absolutely guaranteed. Write for particulars.

STERLING TAILORING CO.,
535 College Street - Toronto

How to Read the Newspaper.

How many undergraduates are there who can trace clearly and concisely even without going into the details, the main developments in the war? How many can talk intelligently on European relations during the war and produce any real facts to back up their statements? How many have at their tongues' end much other important and useful information? With the exception of the man the remedy for his lack of perspective is not more time spent with the newspaper, but the application to his newspaper reading of the same principles he applies to his studying done in connection with a college course—memorizing important facts, and continual co-ordination of events.—McGill Daily.

No Slackers in Manitoba

The provincial treasurer, Mr. Brown, voiced the innermost feelings of our citizens when he said that we, as a province, "are ready to pledge our resources to the limit for the defence of the empire. Every blade of grass, every bushel of grain, every acre of land, every stick of timber, and the cattle that roam these prairies shall, if necessary, be pledged to maintain the liberties which our blood has purchased at such a great cost."—Winnipeg Tribune.

An Excellent Remedy For the Children

Mrs. Laura Jackson, Branford, Ont., writes: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets such an excellent remedy for children that I have no hesitation in recommending them to all mothers." Thousands of mothers say the same thing concerning the Tablets. Once a mother has used them she would need nothing else. They are for sale at all druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Church service was over, and three prominent members of the congregation walked home together, discussing the sermon.

"I tell you," said the first, enthusiastically and in a manner that they will have to trust in really reckoners, but desire that they shall be in such a position that they will be able to meet anyone.

Now the remedy I would suggest is consolidated schools. If they are not found to be workable, I think that all rural schools should be of one design, approved by the Minister of Education In this way the number of windows, doors, rooms, fire escapes and heating apparatus would be standardized, so would the desks and general equipment. The cost would be pretty much the same all over, and these fire traps, and poorly ventilated and poorly heated schools could be done away with. The teachers should be paid by each district direct from the government and subject to the inspection of their ability by inspectors who would have districts allotted to them, who in turn would report to the government. In this way, I think better teachers would be secured and a standard salary could be paid, which would probably mean a more economical system than at present obtains.

Then comes up the matter of a suitable boarding place for the teacher. This is another matter which certainly calls for lots of improvement. I think

Remarkable Heroism of Italian Airman

Details are now available concerning the recent Italian air raid on Laibach in reverse the prisoners of Capt. Scherpelotz of one of the Italian aeroplanes.

On his return journey Capt. Scherpelotz's machine was attacked by five Austrian Fokkers. He was severely wounded in the head and temporarily blinded by blood, while two other officers aboard the aeroplane, one of whom was a lieutenant, were killed outright.

Despite the difficulty of steering, the bodies of his dead comrades having fallen over the levers, Salomone refused to surrender. He succeeded in returning and landed at Talmassons.

Salomone is now recovering in a hospital. A medal has been awarded him in lieu for valor.

A Simple and Cheap Medicine—A

simple, cheap and effective medicine is something to be desired. There is no medicine so effective as the pellets of the digestive system as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple, they are cheap, they can be got anywhere, and their beneficial action will receive their recommendation. They are the medicine of the poor man and those who wish to escape doctors' bills will do well in giving them a trial.

for four months, was given three readings and carried.

Moved by Councillor Loud that the Auditor's Report as read be accepted and that the Treasurer have same publish per the requirements of the act.

Moved by Councillor Loud that bills and accounts as f be paid: Strathmore Hardwa 85c.; Western Municipal $14.00; W. G. Way, $39.05 Carkle, $2.00; U.F.A. per Wade, sec., $80.00; Bow Standard, $12.15; A. W $24.25; A. W. Girvin, Strathmore Town Council,

Correspondence was rea reference to the appointmen Weed Inspector, and the matter was considered, w result that on a motion of Co Lausen, the Secretary was in to advertise for the posi Chief Weed Inspector for the cipality for the season of Duties to commence in the

I had awful sharp pains in the lower part of my back and left hip. I could only walk

Rheumatism and Lumbago

THE sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

105 Cayuga street, Brantford, Ont., tells in the following letter of her experience with Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills :—"My doctor treated me for Sciatica, Rheumatism, Lumbago, but to no purpose, for I had to lay under the skilful care of Sick Benefit called to see me and advised the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, stating that he had been cured of the same trouble by their use. I got a box at once and about them and he recommended them highly. Not being satisfied with this, I went back to my doctor, and when he said they were good I began their use. The promptness with which they enlivened the action of the kidneys and bowels was a surprise to me, and I was not long before I was rid of all my trouble. I had awful, sharp pains in the lower part of my back and left hip, and was so bad that I could only walk by hanging on to a chair or the wall. My wife had to lace my shoes. Only those who have had this ailment can realize the way I suffered. I am writing this letter to let people who have my trouble know of these pills. You are at liberty to use this letter, and if anyone interested will call or write to me I will give every detail.

When you have pains and aches put Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to the test. By enlivening the action of liver, kidneys and bowels they cleanse the system of all poisons, and thereby remove the cause of rheumatism, lumbago and other painful diseases.

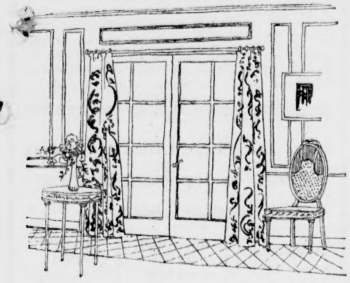
One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free, if you mention this paper

WORK FOR THE WOMANLY BRAIN AND HAND

THE DOORWAY and ITS TREATMENT



By Ethel Davis Seal

THE large double doorway between communicating rooms has always been difficult to treat. Some people think it looks too bare without hangings; some that it looks too stuffy with them. There is much that may be said on this double-door problem, and there are many types to discuss.

The most modern type of door arrangement is the French door, which is the one I'm going to discuss first. I think it's nice to begin with the prettiest kind, don't you? And that is what this is, without doubt. Fortunate indeed is the French door owner. To have two eight-paned doors filling the wide opening between two rooms satisfies the cravings of the heart as well as our sense of beauty.

They are a last word in modern house fashion. The French door goes way beyond the portiere-filled doorway, the sliding door, or an open harmless. It can change the atmosphere of a dreary interior into one of dignity and charm. I am speaking of the bare because I think that many people who could easily indulge in French doors do not realize the many advantages derived therefrom, and that with comparatively small expense and trouble they may settle the double-door problem for themselves for all time.

And then arises the question of hangings. Many times the French door is guiltless of any drapery, and you may remember that this is absolutely correct. A door of this type is of sufficient architectural merit to require little, if any, softening. But this regards looks alone. If for any reason at all curtains are needed, they of course should be used. And even if the wall in which the French doorway appears would, from the standpoint of beauty or balance, improve the room as a whole by the appearance of hangings there, then, too, their use should be considered at once.

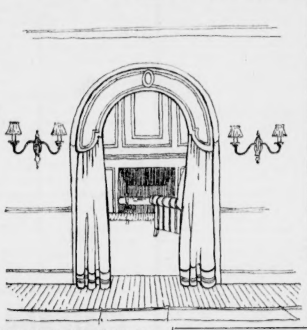
When drapery is used in connection with the French door, it usually confines itself to the side-drape treatment. I should like to say that this is the only treatment worthy consideration, but I will later modify this somewhat. Still it is a treatment to be preferred above all others, and I believe that in almost any case it is practicable, but I feel that the sash draw curtain, which when out of use may hide under the side drape, takes the place of this most satisfactorily, and is very much prettier.

Now I will speak of the wide double doorway which has no door and which seems so bare. Failing the possibility of supplying it with French doors, nothing requires half so much thought. I should like to say, in passing, that occasionally a wide doorway needs no hanging. You will be able to tell about this yourself. If the view of one room adds to the charm of the other, and if the curtains are not needed to separate the rooms at times, don't be afraid to do without portieres.

If you decide, however, that you want to use draperies in your wide doorway, there is only one type which is correct, and that is the straight length of material at each side of the doorway, which may be single or lined, of medium or heavy weight, which should be run on to a wooden pole which is set in below the upper trim, and which should be wide enough to allow it to meet its companion portiere when it is pulled to its utmost width. In this wide doorway a grill is not in good taste, a valance is not desirable, and portieres should not be tied back. The prime feature of the portiere is that of use rather than furnishing, though the second feature may be a pleasant result. And so avoid in every possible way the appearance of having "trimmed your doorway."

Of course this second portiere treatment may be used at the double doorway having folding doors which are rarely or never used, the pole being placed at one side or the other. But what may be done where the folding doors are in constant use? For folding doors, when shut, are blank affairs, and surely need what help we can give them.

You will notice the treatment at the doorway with the folding doors; there are side drapes and there is a valance.



doors, each side drape will either have to be made of two widths of material so that when pulled together they will meet, or else under a one-width side drape a draw curtain of thin silk should be hung. This may be of a bright color or cream. I am sure you will think with me that these various treatments will cover any contingency. And I do not think that a plain curtain is ever needed, to my mind it spoils entirely the effect of the French door.

But to be perfectly fair, I must describe a certain treatment which is occasionally being used, particularly in double French doors. A curtain of thinnest cream silk is shirred top and bottom on a thin brass rod, and is adjusted at each door so that it will exactly cover the lower four panes, or all the panes but the two upper ones. This is, as I say, a sometimes pretty, but I feel that the silk draw curtain, which when out of use may hide under the side drape, takes the place of this most satisfactorily, and is very much prettier.

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You will notice the treatment at the doorway with the folding doors; there are side drapes and there is a valance.

The side drapes may be wide enough to be pulled together, and on the other side of the folding doors an identical treatment may be used, if desired.

Another grave problem is the opening with colonnades. As a rule an opening of this sort is a regular bugbear—it has no beauty and it can't be "treated." I fail to see why the builders persist in using it. There are two ways around the difficulty, or, I am afraid I had better say, one way and an exception. The way is this: to make the room woodwork a feature of beauty by painting it white, ivory or gray; or by waxing it to a dull beautiful wood finish, avoiding a shiny or grained appearance. The colonnade archway will, with the rest of the room, be good-looking owing to the treatment of its woodwork. And you will find that an honest lack of trimming will enhance it much more than all the draperies and ferns imaginable.

The exception to this treatment is found in the occasional curtain, though the use of this is rarely possible with good effect. It is when the space between the wall, or trim, and the pillar may be just filled with a curtain, either brightly colored or following the dullest tone of the room. And in deciding whether or not to use a curtain of this kind, you will have to rely on your own judgment, and you will probably know when the space just calls for the curtain. I have seen a curtain hung in a space which did not reach to the floor, but to a sort of a pediment two and a half feet high. The curtain filled in the open-work appearance and gave the whole doorway a greater architectural facility.

And then I will take up the last type of doorway—that bugaboo of the hopeful home furnisher, the arched opening. When an opening of this kind looks too bare and really seems to require draping, follow some such treatment as this you will see suggested in the sketch. The valance is made on a wooden frame which fits the curved top of the archway. The side drapes are suspended from the lower ends of the frame. If the material has no right and wrong, the curtains may be single, though the arched frame requires a lining on both sides.

At your doorways don't be guilty of "just drapery, draped-up curtains-curtains so thin that as curtains they are of no use at all; or curtains at all if the doorway looks well without them.

Holding these few rules in mind, I am sure you will make no mistakes.

Kindly let me know what color paper should be in this room? The woodwork is white and the furniture is mahogany. The floor is a border of small pink roses.

Mrs. L. M. Ans.—I would arrange the furniture differently.

How high should pictures be hung?

Ans.—Pictures are usually hung for your eye level.

Paper both your bedrooms in a deep cream or a pale creamy tan. Hang overdrapes in both of rose-and-tan patterned stuff—also a plain cream. These drapes should reach four inches from the floor and should be hung from the wall either on a plain pole or a gilt cornice tooth, which may be of cream-colored satin or white muslin. They should reach to the sills and should not be looped back.

Do not hang overdrapes at bedroom windows. Instead, hang under-curtains of cream scrim paper-to-gill. Use window draperies of grass-muslin, trimmed with white scrim glass curtains.

Use a bedroom chiffonier instead of the one in the sitting room. Paint it white and put a mirror in the top. Use a dainty cretonne for the chair-cushion and the dressing table. Have a bright rug in the sitting room.

Paint the woodwork in your living room in deep ivory. Use plain tan burlap on the walls. Cover the davenport in striped material in tan and rose. Use a plain tan rug on the floor and have a few chairs in the room to which I have turned them.

In the windows, as overdrapes hang a deep ivory-colored material with a lined glass curtain of ecru scrim. Use a deeper color in your upholstering.

Mrs. A. B. C.—Remove the varnish from your kitchen floor with turpentine and varnish before painting it.

Ans.—Don't attempt to be in good taste.

The window seats in your bedrooms should be covered with cretonne.

At the dining room windows you may hang glass curtains of scrim, with overdrapes of cretonne. Use a plain tan rug on the floor. Paint the woodwork in ivory white.

A little rose in it if you wish.

Use a cretonne with a large printed linen at the windows of the library. A plain tan rug on the floor.

To the Housefurnishing Editor.

Dear Madam,—I am writing about the bedroom. One bed has four posts and the other has a head and foot piece. The floor is painted a dark mahogany, and the walls are papered with a cream, sprinkled with pink roses. The furniture is mahogany. How is the paper that room in the spring. Kindly let me know what color paper should be in this room? The woodwork is white and the furniture is mahogany. The floor is a border of small pink roses.

Mrs. L. M. Ans.—I would arrange the furniture differently.

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UNION BANK OF CANADA

With Cash in the Bank You Can Buy to Advantage

You know how everything costs more when you have to buy on credit. Why not practice self-denial for a while if necessary, open a Savings Account in the **Union Bank of Canada,** and with the money in hand, buy at Cash prices? The discounts will help to swell your bank balance, and you will have made a good start towards financial independence.

STRATHMORE BRANCH—I. L. Van Tighem, Manager
LANGDON BRANCH—A. P. Hughes, Acting Manager

Job Printing.

Letterheads
Billheads
Envelopes
Statements
Looseleaf Account Sheets
etc.
Posters
Dodgers
Blotters
Butter Wrappers
Visiting Cards
Invite Cards
Admission Tickets, etc.
Circulars
Receipts
Municipal Forms
Counter Check Books in all Styles
Christmas Cards, etc.

and any other kind of letterpress printing, from a Visiting Card to a Book, can be handled promptly, skilfully, and at prices that will compare favorably with any throughout the West, by the

STRATHMORE & BOW VALLEY STANDARD

Get an Estimate and see Samples before ordering printing of any kind.

Local Grain Prices

APRIL 4, 1916

Wheat, No. 1 Northern,		.66
	No. 2 "	.65
	No. 3 "	.63
	No. 4 "	.61
	No. 5 "	.57
	No. 6 "	.09
Winter Wheat, No 1		.91
	2	.89
	3	.84
Oats, No. 2 C.W.		.29½
Ex. No. 1		.29½
No. 1		.25½
Flax, No 1 C. W.		1.60
No 2 C. W.		1.57
Barley, Malting		.40
No. 3		.25

Prices supplied by F.R. Lilly, Alberta Pacific Grain Co,

The Stock Market

Calgary, April 4, 1916

STEERS Choice Export, 1200 to 1400		$7.25 to 7.75
Choice Butcher 1000 1200		7.00 to 7.25
Common Butcher 1000 to 1200		6.00 to 6.50
Stockers 500 to 900		5.00 to 6.00
HEIFERS Choice heavy		6.00 6.75
Common		5.00 5.50
Stockers		5.00 5.50
COWS Choice Heavy		5.50 6.00
Common		4.00 5.00
Thin		3.50 4.00
SPRINGERS Choice		68.00 80.00
Common		40.00 60.00
CALVES Under 200 lbs		6½ cents
Heavies graded		
BULLS		4.00 5.00
OXEN		4.00 6.00
SHEEP Wethers		8.50 9.00
Ewes		7.00 7.75
HOGS Weighed off cars		10.65
Light from 120 to 190 lbs		10.40 off
Stockers	1 to 2 cents off	

WADE & GAVIN JACK

THE HUB CIGAR STORE
BILLIARD ROOM, AND BOWLING ALLEY

We Carry the Largest Stock of TOBACCOS and SMOKERS SUPPLIES in Town. Give Us a Trial

ROLAND HILL
PROPRIETOR

KING EDWARD LIVERY, FEED, AND SALE STABLES

GOOD HORSES
Reliable Rigs
Steady Drivers

DRAYING AND DELIVERY ORDERS Promptly Attended To

Horses for Sale
W. F. ANDERSON,
Proprietor

Railway Time Table

Effective October 31st 1915

From East	No. 3
Medicine Hat leave	9.50
Bassano leave	13.30
Gleichen arrive	14.33
STRATHMORE arrive	15.15
Calgary arrive	16.40
From West	**No. 4**
Calgary leave	15.35
STRATHMORE	16.50
Gleichen	17.34
Bassano	18.35
Medicine Hat	21.25

THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY
STANDARD

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

SINGLE COPY—5 CENTS.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, (TO CANADA AND BRITISH EMPIRE) - - - $1.00
FOREIGN COUNTRIES 1.50

PROPRIETOR:
JOHN MACKENZIE
EDITOR AND MANAGER:
WILLIAM LISTER

Legal Advertising, 12 cents a line for first insertion, and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion—12 lines to the inch. Locals, 10 cents a line. Lost, Found, Astray, and Want Ad advertisements, 30 words or under, 50 cents one insertion, or three insertions for $1. Display advertisements $1 per column inch per month, 50c per column inch for one issue. Changes of advertisements must reach this office not later than noon each Monday

Notices of entertainments, meetings, sales, etc., at which admission is charged, articles sold, or a collection taken, with the exception of actual church services, will be charged for at regular advertising rates

The Publisher is not responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1916

The announcement of the fact that the Town Council are going to push the matter of making the Strathmore Park, the beauty spot that it should by all means become, will receive the approbation of all right thinking citizens of our town and district.

It is a very lamentable fact that not halt enough attention is paid to the beautifying of our prairie towns and villages, and the time is speedily coming when a rapid tide of immigration will set in for this last golden West. Perhaps the very fact that we become accustomed to viewing the bare prairies of the West has a deterring influence upon us. No doubt many of us will recall the first time that we viewed the immense broad acres of prairie stretching for miles and miles as far as the eye could reach and whilst we were enraptured at the sight, yet after a while the tameness of the whole thing began to pall upon us and we wondered if it were possible for these vast prairies to be made more beautiful to behold by the addition of a few trees.

Experiments have proved that trees will thrive on the prairies and now that we have got past the experimental stage in this respect, it is time to turn our thoughts away from the mere idea of making money as quickly as we can, to the thought of what we might do to make these vast prairies more like home—a place where we shall be content to live and where others who shall follow will be content to reside and build for themselves homes.

The immigrants who will flood this country after the present war will admire the progressiveness of the citizens of a town who have taken the time and the money to make more beautiful the natural surroundings and all travellers passing tarough Strathmore a year from this date will receive through the beautifying of our Town Park impressions that remain with them and which will ever be associated, very pleasantly, with the name of Strathmore.

Town Council Hold Special Meeting.

A special meeting of the Strathmore Town Council was held in the Council Chamters on Thursday evening last.

Present : Mayor Lambert, Councilors Zerkle, Anderson and Lilly. Mr R. S. Stockton, representing the C.P.R. was also in attendance.

The business of the meeting was the appointment of a Park Superintendant for the present year.

Mr Stockton stated that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company were anxious to have the park improved considerably this year and that the Company was prepared to furnish a number of trees and shrubs. He also stated that Mr Theobald would act as Park Superintendent to oversee the suggested improvements.

The matter was then discussed for some time and finally it was moved by Councillor Anderson, that Mr Theobald be appointed Park Superintendent with power to improve the park according to a plan outlined by Mr. Stockton and according to the joint agreement between the C.P.R. and the Town of Strathmore. Carried.

The meeting was then adjourned on motion of Councillor Zerkle seconded by Councillor Lilly.

Another Good One.

The monthly auction sale held under the auspices of the Strathmore Auction Mart Company Limited, at their sale yards, on Saturday afternoon last, was an unqualified success.

The yards were filled with machinery, implements and lumber and other necessary things which go to make up a farmers stock-in-trade and there was an unusually large number of horses. The offerings in cattle were not as large as formerly and it looks as if there was a strong demand for young stock of this kind.

It was the largest crowd yet that gathered at the sale, and the bidding was brisk from the start. The auctioneer on this occasion was Mr Meyers from Calgary, who was substituting for Mr. A. Layzell. He Being unable to be present owing to another engagement. Mr Meyers made a good auctioneer and did not dwell very much on the small stuff and managed to get a fair price for most of the offerings. The yard was in somewhat better condition as regards mud, the directors having wisely scraped up all the ashes in town and had them spread over the yard. Had it not been for this precaution, the yards would have been almost impassible. It is hoped that by the next sale the yards will be free of any thing of this kind as it is expected that the frost will be out of the ground and the other improvements which have been talked over and thought about will be made and it will only be the matter of a short time before the Strathmore Auction Yards will be as good as any yards fitted for this purpose in Alberta.

Horses—that is—good ones, brought a good figure on Saturday, there were a number that were offered which did not look good and therefore did not receive the favor of the buyers and consequently were not sold. The cattle all brought good prices. Hogs, especially young sows, in pig, were in demand and commanded good prices. Chickens did not bring up to their usual mark, some of them selling for as low as 60 cents each. Of course eggs seems to be a drug on the market at the present time and maybe this accounts for the poor demand for chickens. Taking it all in all, the sale passed off very well and while the offerings were not as numerous as at former sales, yet the prices obtained will compare favorably. The sale amounted in all to some $3500.00 which is a very good showing.

The next sale will be held on the regular day, being the last Saturday in the month which will be Saturday April 29th. Already a number of entries have been made and all those who intend to enter stock should not delay in making known their desires either to the Secretary, Mr Lodmell of the Crown Lumber Co., or at the Standard office, so that the fullest amount of publicity may be given them.

On Sunday morning next at 11 o'clock, at the Methodist Church, the Rev. T. H. Bole will conduct a special service for children and young people. Parents are invited to attend and accompany the young folks.

Miscellaneous Advertisements

Charges: Minimum rate—one insertion 50c, each additional insertion 25c. Advertisements over 50 words 2c per word first insertion, 1c per word every additional insertion.

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent, or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick result by being published under this head rge. Under the provisions of the Alberta Estray Law, every estray animal taken up must be advertised in the nearest local paper, and also in the Alberta Gazette and notice sent to the Recorder of Brands, Medicine Hat

I HAVE FOR SALE 3000 Bushels of Registered Abundance Seed Oats; Government test 90 per cent. all in six days. Grown on summer fallow Weighs 43lbs to measured bushel. 38c per bushel.—H. W. WATHEN, Cardhill Colony. m 29-3 inc-p

FOR SALE—Seed Barley, Mercury 65c. per bushel, in bin.—H. R WOOSTER, Namaka P.O. m 29-3in-p

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Red eggs, for hatching, from a good laying strain, Mrs. Smo. North. Phone 1607. m22tf

MARQUIS SEED WHEAT.—Grown from Pedigree Seed, cleaned and graded ready for the drill. Some of the heaviest yields produced last year were obtained from my seed. Customers are asked to order as soon as possible, as last year I sold out early and had to turn customers away.—H. R. PETTER, The Alberta Pedigree Seed Farm, Strathmore. 1Feb 25-tfn

DAY OLD CHICKS ALSO EGGS FOR HATCHING—Rhode Island Reds and S.C. White Leghorns; good winter layers; prices reasonable. Engage chicks early. Apply, A. H. Haines, Strathmore. m22-3-p

LOST—One brown filly, One bay filly; both 3 years; branded 22 on right shoulder; halter broken. Reward for information leading to recovery, Address Colpoys Bros.; Namaka. m22-3-p

FEED FOR SALE—Wheat, oats and barley. Apply or phone G. C. North, Box 244, Strathmore m 22tf

LOST—One Collie pup; last seen in Strathmore on Saturday, February 26th. Apply, Griffith, Box 83, Strathmore, Alta. m22-3-p

EGGS FOR SETTING—Pure bred R.C. Rhode Island Reds; good laying strain. $1.00 per setting of 15. Also Broody Hens for sale Apply, A. L. Black, Strathmore. m28-3-p

STRAYED—White faced cow dehorned, red calf with her; one young red cow, dehorned, calf at side; one red heifer, blind in one eye, one horn mutilated. All branded LU on right ribs near shoulder. Reward for information leading to recovery. Wanted white face bull, registered preferred. Apply, Standard Office. m29 3 p

TO RENT.—The Schwertberger house. Large garden plot and pasture included 2 miles east of Strathmore. Apply, Jno. D. North. Phone 307. a4tf

Why Not Get Your Summer Sewing Done Now?

We have just placed in Stock large quantities of New GINGHAMS, PRINTS, COTTONS, SHIRTINGS GALATEAS, Etc. In spite of the big increase in the price of many of these lines, we can still give you Old Prices. We bought these goods some time ago and are giving our customers the benefit. If you intend to make up that new lot of School Dresses for the Girls, House Dresses, Rompers, Etc., call and let us shew you the good things we have in Stock.

Here are Three Lines of Special Interest to the Farmer these Spring Days.

WORK SHIRTS
Good Strong Shirts, in plain black, black and white stripe, or khaki, good value at $1.00
Special Price **75c** each

DRESS SHIRTS
Neat Black and White Stripes, the kind you pay $1.25 for regularly
Special Price **85c** each

HORSEHIDE GLOVES
at **$1.00**
A good work glove and good fitting, with wrist fasteners
Our Price **$1.00**

MEN'S GAUNTLETS
with Horsehide Palms
An extra heavy well made glove, good $1.50 value. You will want a pair when you see them
Our Price **$1.25**

THE BEST OVERALL
You ever bought are here in our big stock.
Heavy weight Blue Stripe Overalls or Smocks, and extra big in size
$1.25 EACH

Plain Blue or Black Overalls the heaviest weight you ever bought, Worth $1.50 pair
Our price is only **1.35**

Gatenby & Fisher
STRATHMORE'S UP-TO-DATE GENERAL STORE

Production and Thrift

GROWING CROPS ON STUBBLE LAND IN 1916

The Empire's Demands for food are greater this year than last.
Less summer-fallow and less fall ploughing than usual in 1915 make it necessary that the farmers of the Prairie provinces in 1916 shall sow extensively on stubble land

MR. J. H. GRISDALE, Director, and the Superintendents of the Dominion Experimental Farms, urge the following upon the Farmers:

STUBBLE LAND OF FIRST CROP AFTER FALLOW
Burn stubble thoroughly as soon as surface is dry. Fire about noon time when steady wind is blowing. Cultivate at once about two inches deep, then sow the wheat and harrow immediately afterwards. If possible, where area is large, harrow first, then cultivate, seed, and harrow again. In Eastern Saskatchewan sow 1½ bush. per acre; in Western Saskatchewan 1¼ bush. On light soils and dry lands sow ¼ bush. less.

STUBBLE LAND OF SECOND CROP AFTER FALLOW
Usually this land should be summer-fallowed, but this year much of it must be in crop. Burn stubble if possible. This may be helped by scattering straw freely over the field. Wrap old sacking about the end of a 4-foot stick. Dip in gasoline. Set on fire and shake on straw and stubble. Carry gasoline in open pail. If stubble is too light to burn then cultivate, harrow and seed a little lighter than above. Oats and barley will do better than wheat. If shoe drills are used plough instead of cultivating. Plough, pack or roll, and then harrow, if land is grassy or weedy. In the drier sections at least one-third of all cropping land should be summer-fallowed every year.

STUBBLE LAND OF THIRD CROP AFTER FALLOW
Do not sow to grain, but summer-fallow. Better use your spring labour on other stubble land and thus make sure of crops in 1916 and 1917. Put your labour on land that is likely to give best returns.

SEED
Sow only clean, plump seed of tested variety. Use the fanning mill thoroughly and treat seed for smut. Have horses, harness and machines in good shape before starting work.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA
THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE , THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

Let Us Supply your table with Butcher Meat

We handle only meats of quality and purity. Also Fish, Poultry Etc.

The Pioneer Meat Market

GEORGE SNAITH

Highest Prices Paid for Hides

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE

Sec. 17, Township 24, Rge 24, W. of the 4th

At the Farm of C. K. West, No. 8 Farm, Namaka Colony.

3 Miles East, 1-2 Mile North of Strathmore

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12

HORSES

1 Buckskin Mare, 8 years, 1300 1 Buckskin Mare, 4 years, 1400
1 Black Gelding, 7 years, 1300 1 Buckskin Mare, 3 years

CATTLE

7 good Milk Cows. 10 good Shorthorn Heifers, 4 in Calf

IMPLEMENTS

1 6ft Binder, 1 8ft Binder, 1 16in Sulky Plow, 2 14in Walking Plow, 1 Disc Harrow, 1 McCormick Mower, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Cockshutt Seeder, 2 Section Drag Harrows, 1 Hamilton Wagon 1 John Deere Running Gear, 1 Democrat, 1 Fanning Mill, 1 Single Buggy, 1 3 Horse Power Gasoline Engine and Chopper, with belting and all complete

ALL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

TERMS CASH NO RESERVE

A. LAYZELL, Auctioneer,
Calgary, Phone M2260

ANNOUNCEMENT

TO THE PUBLIC OF STRATHORE AND DISTRICT

I beg to announce to the People of Strathmore and District that I have opened a

JEWELLERY STORE IN STRATHMORE

in the Girvin Block, in the Store formerly occupied by J. W. Kason.

I have had a very wide and varied experience in the Jewelery Business, having been employed in some of the largest and best workshops on the American Continent. I have a full and complete line of up-to-date machinery and will be therefore in a position to give all repairs my personal and prompt attention.

By arrangement with some of the best Manufacturers and Wholesalers, I have obtained goods which never before have been put on the market in this part of the country, and I cordially invite inspection. I anticipate through Merit and good Merchandise to build a permanent business here.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS

C. CHRISTIANSEN,
Jeweller, Strathmore, Alberta.

British Relief Force Making Good Progress

The Tigris River and surrounding district, showing Kut-el-Amara, where ten thousand British Troops are besieged. General Aylmer's relief force has reached a point only seven miles east of the beleaguered garrison, and the Russians are closing in on Bagdad from the North.

A New Jeweller for Strathmore.

Mr. Carl Christiansen, of Owatana, Minn., has opened this week in Strathmore at the old Jewellry stand, a Jewellery store. During the week he has had the store interior re-decorated which gives it a much brighter and improved appearance. A new show case is expected to arrive very shortly so that his display of a new stock of the latest and most up-to-the minute goods along this line will be on display.

Mr Christiansen comes to Strathmore well recommended as a well trained man in his art, having been indentified with some of the largest jewellry stores on the American Continent. He is an expert working jewel er, having given his whole life time to the study of this work, and is a very painstaking and conscientious man at his business. All repairs therefore entrusted to his care will receive his personal and prompt attention.

Strathmore is exceedingly fortunate in securing a man of Mr. Christiansen's calibre and ability and it is now up to the people of the town and district to give him their whole hearted support in the way of any business that they may have in his particular line.

Weekly Half Holiday.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to close our respective places of business, each Wednesday afternoon from one o'clock, during the months of May, June, July, August and September, 1916 :—

The Canadian Bank of Commerce,
Union Bank of Canada,
The Strathmore Trading Co.,
E. W. R. Lambert,
Wm. E. Brown,
T. H. Eves,
Gatenby and Fisher,
J. Saunders,
M. B. Garrett,
Boortz and McDonald,
A. W. Miller,
Wright Bros,
Strathmore Hardware Company,
C. W. Chase.
Strathmore Standard

Red Cross Notes.

The Red Cross Committee of the Women's Institute acknowledge with thanks the following :—

Proceeds from Social held at Serviceberry Schoolhouse per Mrs F. Chamerlain, $27.65

Also 10 hot Bottle covers.

With a Local Flavor

Mrs. A. D. McDonnell, of Calgary, is spending a few days in Strathmore visiting friends.

Mr Beardsly, of Calgary, accepted a position at the local branch of the Bank of Commerce here last week and in two days had to return to Calgary on account of him suffering from an attack of pleurisy and pneumonia Latest reports are to the effect that he is improving nicely.

Mr. C. G. Lewis left this week for Stony Plains where he will have the management of the branch of the Bank of Commerce at that point.

Amongst the soldiers who have received leave of absence for a month to help in seeding operations are Jack Taylor, Wm. Gray, Leonard Crossley, Budd Dewitt and Z. Grimshaw.

Among the visitors to Calgary this week were noticed, Mr Seymour, Mr McIlhone, and Mr T. M. Wears, Barrister.

Calgary will not be short of musical talent for the next month. The importation of Wong Sing and Charles Sung should ensure that city all the music it desires for some time to come.

Signs of spring are not wanting in Strathmore. Boortz and McDonald have had the interior of their store re-painted this week which adds greatly to its appearance.

Don't forget that Mr C. K. West is disposing of his farm stock-in-trade on Wednesday next, April 12th. A. Layzell, auctioneer. See ad. in another column.

Mr and Mrs R. S Stockton, and family left on Monday last for Clearwater, Montana, where they will visit relatives and friends. Mr Stockton expects to be away about three weeks.

Mrs Frohberger was a visitor to Calgary on Saturday a s t Her baby boy has been causing much anxiety and she has left the little one in care of the general hospital there for treatment.

The Women's Institute had a fairly successful day on Saturday last at their lunch counter in the Duff Block. This was some what of an innovation in these parts and it is expected that subsequent lunches served in this manner will be even more successful.

The Mayor has just had a well drilled behind his drug store, Good, soft water was struck at a depth of 115 feet which rose very rapidly and now there is some eighty feet of water in the well. Mr Tucker, of well-drilling fame, has had the contract in hand.

Weather Report

MAR. 28, TO APR. 3, INCLUSIVE

	Min. Tem.	Max. Tem.
Tuesday	19.7	37.1
Wednesday	14.7	47.7
Thursday	23.7	27.7
Friday	21.7	43.4
Saturday	20.3	45.1
Sunday	28.5	47.8
Monday	24.9	44.9

Readings taken at 7 a.m. and 6 p.m

"STANDARD" ADS. BRING RESULTS.

THE WESTERN POULTRY FARM

7 Miles North of Strathmore Ardenode P.O., Alberta

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM HIGH-CLASS PURE-BRED POULTRY OF THE FOLLOWING BREEDS, IMPORTED STOCK

SILVER CAMPINES. Lewis Jones and Fred Kennedy's Strain Direct, Everlasting Layers. This pen will produce winners $5 per sitting of 15

BUFF ORPINGTONS. Imported Male from Clark, Ontario. Typical Birds, Heavy Winter Layers. $2 per sitting of 15

WHITE LEGHORNS. This pen is headed by male winning Silver Cup at North Fraser Poultry Show, first prize Mission Fall Fair, also Sire of the First Prize Pullet, Provincial Show, B. C. Bred from a 240 egg hen. Eggs from this pen $2.50 per 15.

All Eggs Guaranteed Fertile. Clears replaced Free

Eggs for Hatching may be left each Saturday in Strathmore to suit Customers.

Cash with Order. Postal Note or Money Order.

Each Sitting of Eggs carefully packed to carry safely any distance.

CHAS O. DAWSON.

Clothing for Spring

Our Stock is now complete. A great range of Blue Serges and Worsteds. Prices $15, $18, $20, $22, $24, $25, $30

Boys' Blue Serges, priced according to quality and size. $6, $7.50 and $10

Men's Gray Serges and Worsteds. Priced $18 to $28.

Stouts in Gray and Blue Serges and Worsteds. All Prices

Brown and Gray Mixtures and Patterns in Worsteds and Tweeds. Men's range from $10 to $30.

BOYS GREY SERGES $7.50 AND $8.50

Men's Worsted Trousers $3.50 to 5.00
Men's Cord Pants, $3.50 and 4.50. These are cut large and roomy. Belt straps and Cuffs.

Boys' Cord Pants, 75c and 90c.
Boys' Cord Bloomer Pants with Governor Fasteners, 1.50 and 1.75

Spring Shirts in colors, plain and striped, with or without collar. Prices 85c to 5.00
Boys, 50c and 75c

See our special Motor Gauntlets at 2.25

EVERYTHING IN MEN'S WEAR

BOOTS AND SHOES — WRIGHT BROS. — HATS AND CAPS MITTS AND GLOVES

STRATHMORE - - ALTA.

BELGIAN RELIEF

YOU CAN MAKE THIS VISION A REALITY!

"UNLESS we get more assistance, hundreds of thousands of the seven million people still in Belgium will actually starve."

H. HOOVER,
President, Commission for Relief in Belgium.

A BAG OF FLOUR SUPPORTS A BELGIAN FAMILY A MONTH

BELGIUM'S need is very great. Western Canada will surely help. The Belgian Relief Committee for Southern Alberta asks all those who feel sorry for that brave nation to assist in supporting its starving millions by a contribution of money. $5.00 will maintain a Belgian family for several weeks. Western Canada is prosperous, safe and happy in the midst of war; Belgium is shot-ridden, cold and hungry for Canada's sake.

DO NOT DELAY.

Send your subscription, large or small, to the

Honorary Secretary,
Belgian Relief Committee
For Southern Alberta,
HERALD BUILDING : CALGARY

Until Seventy Times Seven

By Miss L. G. Moberly
Copyright by Miss L. G. Moberley

(Continued)

"Will you tell me why you want to find Denbarton Manor?" she asked.

"Are you going there to see the Squire? I live at the Manor myself; can I do anything for you?"

"The Squire? No, I don't want the Squire," the stranger answered with a high laugh, "and you live there, do you? Now I call that a piece of luck. You'll be my host, then." A self-possessed eagerness rang in his voice. "Can you tell me if a Mrs. Mansfield is living in the house?"

A Mrs. Mansfield lives at Denbarton Manor? Oh! no. Squire Denbarton and his wife live there. You must have made some mistake. Perhaps you want some other house in the neighborhood, for there is certainly no Mrs. Mansfield at the Manor, and I don't remember ever hearing the name anywhere about here," Daphne added thoughtfully.

"Denbarton Manor was the house I was told to come to—right enough, was the answer; "not never mind," he added suddenly, with a suspicious glance at the girl, "maybe I have made a mistake, and thank you kindly all the same. The strangers with whom I would be looking vaguely for Isaphar-ord John. He was asking for a per-ord Mansfield, and apparently some one had told him to come to Denbarton Manor. Oh! Marjory, dear, what is it?" she concluded anxiously, as Marjory sank back against her, her face the color of ashes, before she could reply. "Do you feel faint, dear?" Daphne was moving to help her, when Marjory, by an heroic effort, controlled herself.

"I am—I thought I saw—" Marjory's lips parved to whisper the words, which remained unspoken, "Mansfield—who sent the man here? And—why?" she added, breaking off in agitated sentence, and trying to draw herself into an upright position in the chair.

"I couldn't really make out what had happened to you, Marjory, when you fell into a faint, or I would have sent Denbarton home at once. I told him I didn't know the name of Mansfield, and that there was no one of that name living here. Really I am inclined to think that the stranger must have been mistaken, and that he was looking for some other house. You look better now, dear, and as I was coming home I thought I would just run in and tell you that I had spoken to the man, and—I say, Marjory, what's the matter? I don't know—I just got into a panic, I was very silly of me, but I thought I saw—I don't know what I thought I saw, but I was afraid of something. Oh! Daphne, I am ashamed of myself, but I—I can't help it."

Daphne said that the incoherent sentence seemed quite out of proportion to anything she could imagine possibly have happened in the even course of existence at the Manor, but telling herself that she must not suppose her to her own room and laid her down upon the sofa there, for neuralgia, she declared, was very vehemence. "Let me lie alone."

"Nobody shall disturb you," Daphne answered, as she now darkening the room in the manner of that terrible kiss upon her mouth, and then, with a long sighing breath she laid her head upon Marjory's trembling and long sobbing breaths ceased.

"I never fainted before in my life," the elder woman said presently, "nor am going to faint now. I am a little bit of a girl. If I had had a mother with eyes like yours everything might have been different, Daphne, but eyes always make me feel—what am I saying?" she added, with a sudden impatience abruptly. "I think the heat has made me quite hysterical and—I—I am talking nonsense."

"Stay quite still here for a little while," Daphne answered, unruffled by Marjory's sudden outburst, "you will feel better presently, and then you can tell me what it is that has so much upset you."

"Nothing is wrong. I am not really upset; it is absurd of me to go on like this," Marjory spoke eagerly. "I don't know why I—I believe it is only—only I left I wanted company. I—I—I—" self-frightened at the sound of herself in this extraordinary emotion, her eyes glanced nervously about them, and she sprang to her feet, back in the armchair. "I don't know what I am going to say. I—I—I am a coward, I—I—I—I feel frightened."

"Dear, dear, Daphne answered, ruthlessly smoothing Marjory's hair as she lit frightened too this afternoon. Go to bed, dear."

"In the bed?" Marjory interrupted hysterically. "Am I frightened you?"

"It was very silly of me. It was clearly a man asking me the way, and just for a moment I thought it was a tramp, and I instantly confess I always am afraid of tramps. But he was really a superior sort of man, and he said I was frightened, and soon Sadly that I had not the slightest intention of hurting me."

Whilst Daphne was speaking, Marjory's eyes never left her face, and she listened with a curiously strained attention; but as the girl's voice ceased she said with apparent indifference:

"It wasn't likely a superior sort of man would want to hurt us. Who was he? Did he belong to the neighborhood?"

"Oh, no. I don't know who he was, but certainly a stranger here. He had dark eyes, and rather a coarse face, and though in his own way he was handsome, he gave me an uncomfortable feeling—" "Oh!" now I have made you nervous again. But you mustn't, really; there was nothing horrible about the man. He wasn't a murderous-looking creature, or anything remarkable—not like some of the genuine tramps one does sometimes see." Not that they ever really come much about here, we are not near enough to any big town. So don't be frightened, dear." Daphne's voice was as soothing as though she were comforting a child, and her hand still rested on Marjory's shoulder. "Anyhow, you need not be afraid of that particular man," she went on cheerfully; "he certainly wasn't a tramp, and I fancy he has quite a way now."

"You really think he wasn't a tramp? And you are sure he has gone away?" Marjory asked, speaking very feverishly. "I suppose he was here by mistake, but—but why a gentleman asking his way to the town?"

"Well, he was asking the way, but I am not sure that asking always is. Oddly enough he wanted Denbarton Manor."

"Denbarton Manor?"

"Yes. Wasn't it a queer coincidence that a gentleman looking for the Manor should just have happened to drop in? It was really quite a chance, too, that I came along the lane."

But why did he want Denbarton Manor?" Marjory questioned, a note of suspicion in her voice, "and what was the answer; "no never mind," he added suddenly, with a suspicious glance at the girl, "maybe I have made a mistake, and thank you kindly all the same. The strangers with whom I would be looking vaguely for Isaphar-ord John. He was asking for a per-ord Mansfield, and apparently some one had told him to come to Denbarton Manor. Oh! Marjory, dear, what is it?" she concluded anxiously, as Marjory sank back against her, her face the color of ashes, before she could reply. "Do you feel faint, dear?" Daphne was moving to help her, when Marjory, by an heroic effort, controlled herself.

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SOME TREATMENT.—Describe your disease, and write for free book and testimonials.
THE CANADA CANCER INSTITUTE, Limited
10 CHURCHILL AVE., TORONTO

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY — 10 CENTS PER PLUG

Women Workers On The Farms

How the Fair Sex in the Old Country Are Helping on the Farm

As a result of the depletion of farm laborers in Great Britain, women are responding to the call for workers to take the place of men who have joined the colors. Writing to the London Special, a correspondent relates how a Scottish girl, a graduate of Girton College, Cambridge, is now doing farm work. The writer says:

"As a preface I may state that the girl's people have had no land on the farm she intends to be ladies of leisure in a year or two, and I am therefore free to publish, suppressing names and locality, as she has no taste for advertisement, and some of the local farms used will, I think, point to the locality. Then this is what the young lady wrote:

"Dear Mr. H., I wonder if it would interest you to hear what I am actually doing lately? I felt that I must take up a 'war job' of some kind, as we are frightfully short of men on the farms round here I offered my services, and I have been working on one of the World farms since July, and I expect to stay on for some time. I live at the farm, which is about 12 miles from here, and bicycle home for Sunday. I work from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m., 54 hours, 9s., which is deducted from my board and lodging. I have been doing just the same things as an ordinary man would do. A friend said that I was a 'land girl,' and I started by looking eleven acres of turnips in one day. I have also been at stacks, driven horse rakes, and lately I have been hoeing and singling and sowing with two horses, helping to thresh by carrying away the 'pulled' and 'dirt' stuff; getting in and filling cows, gathering apples, cutting down bracken, cleaning out the pigs, and cleaning out yards, cart-houses, chicken-houses, etc., manuring the land, and doing almost everything. There is only one thing I simply cannot do, and that is milk. I am quite keen on threshing days, and I am going to plow next week with a single plow. I believe, though, I will be quite awful. Delightful, and I am most comfortable in breeches, thick stockings, and my plowboy's boots and leggings, as I find I cannot keep my feet dry during these wet months."

In her letter giving the leave to make use of the name, she says that when she has been all the neck leading swedes with a cart and two horses, and has had to stop because of the rain, a thirty-acre field sown with wheat and that last night she had to stop because the wheat was actually growing in the furrows.

Railroads as Civilizers

Conditions in the Far East Where Railroads Are Practically Unknown

The great war in Europe and Asia has brought to the front the commercial, social, civilizing and military value of railways. Were it not for the existing entanglements of this war lead to us with the building of the Canadian Northern to the shores of the Gulf. Railways were an important feature of the wars strategy. We are told that in the present war the Germans early expected to save France whipping in a short campaign, but were delayed by rail into Russia before that nation could mobilize because of the lack of railways. Military strategists tell us that more of Germany's strength rests in her railroads than in her armies, that enable her armies to be smuttle-necked back and forth between Russia and France. We know that Turkey long ago would have attacked Egypt if a railway had existed. One report has Turkey building one across the desert to that end. We read that British armies fighting to retain control of the Bagdad railway and of the fruitful valley of Mesopotamia are forces headed toward that railway to cut it. The Germans have also expended in its 8-inch westward from Berlin because no railway is there.

Take the map and study railroads and find that in all of Persia before the building of the railway to-day there were only 32 miles of railway; Persia-India has only three thousand miles of railway, and Egypt has only nearly twenty millions.

It is an amazing thing, when one comes to think it over, that millions and millions of people in this world are living and dying in the same manner as three or four millions who live so much further to the west. Within the same one, and get no benefit from one. The country in Asia through which the railroads have been pushed is in its British westward from Berlin because no railway is there.

Written history has its first page there, and yet the millions of people who are there have no railroads. Their busloads of transportation have to be got on the backs of the camel caravan, the creaking ox cart.

These vast populations that stepwhile the outside world moved on are to-day awakening to the value of railroads, but meanwhile they have lagged far, far behind, and it will take many years for the Asiatic continent to develop its transportation to do its work. Kansas City Star.

Two farmers met in a certain town a day or two ago after a cyclone had visited that particular neighborhood.

"She shook things up pretty bad out at my place," said one, striking his whiskers meditatively.

"By the way, Hi," he added, "that new barn o' yourn got hurt any?"

"Well," drawled the other, "I dunno. I haven't found it yet."

Protect the Birds

Prize Offered For Best Bird House For Boy Scouts of Manitoba

The spring will soon be here, the birds will be returning from their southern haunts, glad to be home again, and will be eagerly looking for convenient home quarters. A few interested therefore in the birds of our province, realizing that they are a most valuable asset both in town and country for the destruction of various pests, and a more general movement might be inaugurated to protect the birds and to help them in their particular work as nest destroyers.

"Nothing is more interesting and educational than study of animal life, and no greater pleasure to be had than in making material provision for the birds. Although not generally recognized, birds are very responsive to kindness, and make most interesting pets.

"Don't you want the birds living near you this spring, brightening the whole season and protecting with all our trees from insects? There is no other thing that brings more near to us than the birds, and there is no home more easily made than the bird home, and no family more than the birds. Therefore, you should build bird houses, and you cannot make a mistake in putting up too many. It is good for children to know and love birds, and it is a great benefit to the country to have birds. It is enobling and uplifting to them an dno home or garden is complete without them. They make this comparison they no longer have that implicit faith in the old fashioned country school system. The new system is broader and better and more attractive from many standpoints, social and other for their children. They know that the country school is, generally speaking, the same old country school and that in many respects it is made artistic with age, as birds have always lived close to nature, and an added attraction is the ease of access to them than a newly painted affair.

"Birds pass through the province in millions during April and get further north for more trees and better protection. You can help them on their way if you use them rightly. In the summer they will appreciate a bird bath, and if you have a garden the birds in the neighborhood coming to visit you. It is second to the Board right now and put up a few bark covered bunalows for the birds.

"The bird house is not a house too large. The birds appreciate our protection and will soon learn that you mean well. Mind the cats and keep the houses and feeding devices and they will soon get the message for other birds may follow. Show that you are a bird protector by putting feeding shelves on the trees above the right size, and the Chickadees will tell the others that it is a good place to stop.

"The 5th Scout Law be: 'A Scout is a friend to animals.' He should not mean as far as possible from pain, and should not kill any animal unnecessarily, for it is one of God's creatures. Killing an animal for food is allowable, and so encourage the protection of birds law, and help in the destruction of those forms that are found to be too numerous in our province, the Manitoba provincial secretary offers a bird house for the best bird house manship and desire to be considered.

"All houses sent in will become the property of the provincial association and will be distributed in parks, etc., for the benefit of the birds. The best hundreds of bird houses to be built in the province. In the hands of the provincial secretary, No. 13-152 Industry Chambers, Winnipeg, not later than noon, on the 3rd of April.

Flax Fibre Seed

Saskatoon Board of Trade Sends Trial Packets to Government and Railways

In order to discover whether flax fibre seed suitable for the Irish market may be successfully grown in this continent, F. Marlore Belanders, commissioner of the Saskatoon board of trade, has shipped bags of seed to the United States department of agriculture at Washington, the Canadian department of agriculture at Ottawa, and the head office of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Following the proposals made to the board of trade by the department of agriculture for Ireland, Mr. Belanders got in touch with the Saskatchewan department of immigration government and the C.P.R. and all have replied expressing their willingness to make tests to this end.

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Written history has its first page there, and yet the millions of people who are there have no railroads. Their busloads of transportation have to be got on the backs of the camel caravan, the creaking ox cart.

These vast populations that stepwhile the outside world moved on are to-day awakening to the value of railroads, but meanwhile they have lagged far, far behind, and it will take many years for the Asiatic continent to develop its transportation to do its work. Kansas City Star.

Two farmers met in a certain town a day or two ago after a cyclone had visited that particular neighborhood.

"She shook things up pretty bad out at my place," said one, striking his whiskers meditatively.

"By the way, Hi," he added, "that new barn o' yourn got hurt any?"

"Well," drawled the other, "I dunno. I haven't found it yet."

Irrigation is more profitable when applied to the soil than to the throat.

The Country School

Better Country Schools Will Tend to Assist Back-to-the-Land Movement

In an address on "The Stability of Agriculture," before the recent meeting of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents, Dr. Senator Edwardsorth of New York spoke first of the things which tend to increase the material prosperity of the farmer and standardize his business or a new foundation. He calls this the dollars and cents side of the question, but he believes that to increase the stability of agriculture great emphasis should be placed on the country schools. What he says about this question in the United States applies equally well to conditions in Canada. In concluding his address he said:

"People living in the country are not very content simply with accumulating wealth and succeeding in paying off their mortgages. They think very deeply about the future of their children, and are directly against ambitious that these children shall receive the best obtainable education. They cannot help recognizing that the educational facilities of the cities, and that I mean particularly what might be called the routine education, are vastly superior to the facilities of the country. When they make this comparison they no longer have that implicit faith in the old fashioned country school system. The new system is broader and better and more attractive from many standpoints, social and other for their children. They know that the country school is, generally speaking, the same old country school and that in many respects it is made artistic with age, as birds have always lived close to nature, and an added attraction is the ease of access to them than a newly painted affair.

"Birds pass through the province in millions during April and get further north for more trees and better protection. You can help them on their way if you use them rightly. In the summer they will appreciate a bird bath, and if you have a garden the birds in the neighborhood coming to visit you. It is second to the Board right now and put up a few bark covered bunalows for the birds.

"The bird house is not a house too large. The birds appreciate our protection and will soon learn that you mean well. Mind the cats and keep the houses and feeding devices and they will soon get the message for other birds may follow. Show that you are a bird protector by putting feeding shelves on the trees above the right size, and the Chickadees will tell the others that it is a good place to stop.

"The 5th Scout Law be: 'A Scout is a friend to animals.' He should not mean as far as possible from pain, and should not kill any animal unnecessarily, for it is one of God's creatures. Killing an animal for food is allowable, and so encourage the protection of birds law, and help in the destruction of those forms that are found to be too numerous in our province, the Manitoba provincial secretary offers a bird house for the best bird house manship and desire to be considered.

"All houses sent in will become the property of the provincial association and will be distributed in parks, etc., for the benefit of the birds. The best hundreds of bird houses to be built in the province. In the hands of all houses to be in the hands of the provincial secretary, No. 13-152 Industry Chambers, Winnipeg, not later than noon, on the 3rd of April.

How to Make a Hot-bed

It Will Furnish You With Lettuce, Radishes and Early Vegetables

In order to have early vegetables a hot-bed is desirable. It is the only reliable way to get hot-bed lettuce, affords a means for producing lettuce, radishes, etc., at a season when such things are usually scarce, costly and of doubtful quality. The hot-bed is a conservatory on a miniature scale.

No matter whether the hot-bed is to be heated by the steam usually employed—that is, through the heating qualities of horse manure—or by means of steam or hot water pipes, or other artificial heat, the same general principles govern the construction of the bed. It must have walls thick enough to insure it against outside cold; it must be glass covered; it must have soil fertile and mellow, readily drained, and it must have provision for the proper amount of ventilation.

Whether you make the hot-bed on the ground or in a pit, the vital point is the heating material. Sometimes fermenting soil directly against the house or near the greenhouse or garage may be heated by hot water or steam pipes from the nearby boiler or even by warm air from the cellar. In the great majority of cases, however, manure must be relied upon. To produce satisfactory results this must be of the right kind and must be carefully handled. Probably the finest fresh horse manure and unless it has already a good quantity of the bedding mixed through it, is rotted leaves to the bulk of half to two-thirds of the manure. Mix the manure and leaves to form a compact mass; if they are on a bigger scale than the greatest record of the war which needs unceasing vigilance and prolonged preparation for every movement. Its object will be fully conscious of its realities, but long after the event we learn that a few lines in a daily communique has conveyed the news of a battle as big as Sedan, and that a single day, Sept. 6th, has been marked by incidents of unsurpassed courage and daring. The popular habit of calling this warfare "stalemate" does most serious injustice to the armies and the peoples and the governments by which are laboring to supply their needs. We get a superficial idea of anxiety and weariness when the reality is incessant fighting, unrelaxed strain, overleft activity, attack, defense and preparation. The belief that it is restless and weary is an illusion of the civilian. The soldiers know by a thousand unrecorded signs that they are moving, little by little, on a position in which one army will prove definitely stronger than the other, and the weaker be obliged to evacuate its position. They know that there is no other way than that of the "impossible spirit and dogged tenacity which knows no defeat," and that the war is long and weary and dangerous. It is not from them that we get the cries of impatience and indignation, the demand for new and sensational methods to shorten the guilty and heroic moments of victories on newspaper posters.—Westminster Gazette.

British Railroads Do Great Service

One of Finest Feats of Organization During War is Shown

Calculations just finished for the first year of the war show that the working of the British railroads is probably the greatest feat of British organization during the war. In all, the government only the comparatively trifling sum of ten million sterlers, whereby all the troops and all the troops were transported to all parts of the country, while the regular passenger service scarcely showed any signs of the outbreak of war.

All the railroads are under government control, and are worked by a committee of managers, the accounts being calculated according to the difference between the net receipts of 1913 and the receipts during the time. Considering that some of the railroads carried a considerable fifty troop trains in one day, as well as supplying innumerable trains for military supplies and material, the cost to the government is amazingly small, and the extra expense is attributable to the extraordinary economical methods of the committee, who achieved all they were appointed for while maintaining adequate passenger services.

The success of the committee on railroad management is bound to be followed by a strong agitation to nationalize the railroads after the war, and the proposal is likely to be met with little opposition from the directors and shareholders.

The new system of operation of railroads and the railroad managers over the showing found a ready response with the public, and it is pointed out that their railroad men in Germany's vanished colonies, and the fact is all the more remarkable because British lines were bombarded in order to prevent supplies reaching German network of lines always had and military advantage in view.

We have looked over a great many plans for a fine home but we have wondered at the omission in all of them of a sleeping room on the first floor. This is a room that is much needed in case of sickness. The farm wife and mother is generally the nurse to her family in case of illness, at least until the case becomes serious enough to require a special nurse. It will lighten her labor materially to have such a room on the first floor. This room does not need to be used as a bedroom constantly, but it will prove a great convenience when needed. We rarely plan our houses to meet the necessities of sickness which is sure to come sooner or later.

Agricultural Training

Oklahoma Wants its Students Familiar With Farm Conditions

"Is it a sound economic policy to educate these young people at the expense of the taxpayers of Oklahoma and then send them to go to Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois or other states that know the value of land and fertilizers? Is it a wise expense of teaching to their boys and girls the value of diversification? I think the Oklahoma Farmer, in an excellent article that can be read everywhere with profit, says in part:

"Well, you say, how can we keep them at home? The answer comes there—never until our people are willing to pay the price that will command the services. The state will never be willing to do this until we as school men can show the value and need of such.

"We as school men must be willing to do as many of the best of our subjects such as crops, soils and animal husbandry not only useful, but just as intellectual as the 'so-called cultural subjects.

"It is not just as useful to a boy to know the possibilities of a hundred acres of farm land as to get partial payments? Is it not as practicable for a boy or girl to know 'the why' of the growth of corn, wheat, alfalfa roots as to know all about the geography of Africa? Both studies are found in almost every portion of the state.

"Only a few ago Denmark was suffering from a lack of the necessaries of life. Most of her land was in the hands of a few, her people were ignorant and restless and were constantly clamoring for a change. They made the change; they took the land and gifts in terms of their life's work; they taught the practical things of life.

Today Denmark is prosperous. Her people are satisfied and ambitious; they are educating all of their people are. No other nation had such a small per cent of illiteracy. A large per cent. of her land is in the hands of a majority of her people. A great number of her people have taken advantage of her higher institutions of learning."

Plans are under way for a British empire fair to be held next year which, it is expected, will be the largest of its kind ever held in the world. The time set for it is the Spring of 1917, and the place, Willesden Garden, London. The intention is to provide accommodation for exhibits of practically every known industry. The exhibition building will cost about $1,000,000 and cover an area of 610,000 square feet.

Slow But Sure Victory for Allies

Allies Are Moving Little by Little to a Successful Conclusion of Hostilities

"The success so far attained has been due to the indomitable spirit, dogged tenacity which knows no defeat, and the heroic courage so abundantly displayed by the rank and file of the splendid army which it will ever remain the pride and glory of my life to have commanded during over sixteen months of incessant fighting," so writes Sir John Frenca in the stirring message in which he takes farewell of the army in France and Flanders. It is of opinion that the great qualities to which he refers have been of enormous assistance in a profitless enterprise. On the contrary, he declares his conviction that a glorious ending to these heroic and splendid efforts is not far distant. We hope these words will be taken as more than conventional rhetoric of a farewell message. They remind us of an aspect of the war which is forgotten by the impatient spectator who has got into the habit of talking and thinking as if the war in the west were an intermittable battle in trenches ending in the present of conclusion or solution. It is, on the contrary, a prolonged and unceasing struggle in which two vast armies are perpetually at grips, in which for many months the advantage held so desperately against superior forces, in which for many months the struggle struggled for equality, and are now of length struggling for ascendency. It is the struggle which has called for the greatest recorded effort of war which needs unceasing vigilance and prolonged preparation for every movement. Its object will be fully conscious of its realities, but long after the event we learn that a few lines in a daily communique has conveyed the news of a battle as big as Sedan, and that a single day, Sept. 6th, has been marked by incidents of unsurpassed courage and daring. The popular habit of calling this warfare "stalemate" does most serious injustice to the armies and the peoples and the governments by which are laboring to supply their needs. We get a superficial idea of anxiety and weariness when the reality is incessant fighting, unrelaxed strain, overleft activity, attack, defense and preparation. The belief that it is restless and weary is an illusion of the civilian. The soldiers know by a thousand unrecorded signs that they are moving, little by little, on a position in which one army will prove definitely stronger than the other, and the weaker be obliged to evacuate its position. They know that there is no other way than that of the "impossible spirit and dogged tenacity which knows no defeat," and that the war is long and weary and dangerous. It is not from them that we get the cries of impatience and indignation, the demand for new and sensational methods to shorten the guilty and heroic moments of victories on newspaper posters.—Westminster Gazette.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Disfigured Soldiers Have Faces Remade

Noted British Sculptor is Putting His Genius to Unique Use

Derwent Wood, the distinguished British sculptor, who enlisted as a private in the Army Medical Corps at the beginning of the war, is now turning his talent to a unique use. All his leisure time is at present employed in replacing the part, of men's faces destroyed by wounds in battle. These include mouths, jaws, and even eyelids, all of which he has made to move naturally.

He has just finished remaking a nose for a soldier which was blown away below the bridge. His additions, which he prepared of electrical tyre metal, is so perfect that where it is joined is absolutely imperceptible, and the patient has regained his sense of smell.

Wood does not give up most of his time to this work, and is able to treat ten cases daily. Surgeons who never thought that a sculptor's art could be adapted to this work are now absolute amazed at the remarkable results Wood has obtained.

Much of the original sin to be observed about us doesn't show many signs of originality.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

puts new life in your harness. Keeps it from drying up and cracking. Makes it soft, pliable and strong. Contains no animal or vegetable fats to become rancid. It makes harness last longer.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

Diseases Carried by Dogs

Every Dog Has His Day and Also His Germs

Dr. M. C. Hall of the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry, has just published a bulletin on parasites and diseases carried by dogs. In it he points out that the domestic status of the dog has not, as a rule, adapted to hygienic requirements of modern life, and declares that the destruction of all superfluous dogs, including those that are ownerless or whose owners do not keep them at home and in a sanitary condition, would mean an annual saving of hundreds of human lives and an increase of millions of dollars in the wealth of the nation.

He points out especially the danger of letting dogs take too great liberties with human beings. For example, licking the baby's face or the children's candy. Important diseases conveyed by dogs to man and the domestic animals include rabies, hydatid, and mycelial sarcomata or so-called "measles," in shop-keepers in man and especially in children, roundworm in man, tongue-worm in man and stock, etc.

LITTLE THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that eliminates "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.

Don't Forget—

that when constipation, biliousness or indigestion is neglected, it may cause a serious illness. Act in time. Relieve symptoms—keep your digestive organs right—by the timely use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

RAW FURS

We Pay Highest Values
Write for Price List
and Shipping Tags

Pierce Fur Co. Ltd.

Established 1908
Dept. HIDE Cor. WINNIPEG

W. N. U. 1097

Scouting in English Schools

Hundreds of Boys Go Under Canvas During the Summer

Scouting is becoming a part of the curriculum of the English schools. E. Young, head master of the county school at Harrow, has turned his whole school, which contains some hundreds of boys, into one large troop of scouts, the scheme being so arranged that the same organization of patrol and patrol leaders holds good both for school work and for scouting. During the summer the patrols take it in turn to camp on the school grounds, under the supervision of the head master from fifteen to twenty-five boys being always under the canvas. When in camp the boys have to do their own cooking and look after themselves, the only exception being that they have a substantial meal provided for them in the middle of the day. Manchester Grammar School is taking up scouting in a similar way. It has been decided to start a troop consisting entirely of boys in the school, and it is expected about 150 will be enrolled.

Lame Back Strengthened, Stiffness Taken Right Out

Was Relieved in an Hour, and Cured Over Night

At lame back? Quite unnecessary. All you have to do is to rub on Nerviline. It's simply a wonder for backaches—relieves after one rubbing. Nothing possibly could cure an aching back faster than Nerviline," writes Mrs. Arthur Kolnar, of Lower Chelsea, N.S. "I caught cold and was so prostrated with pain I could not bend over. We always have Nerviline at home, and I had the painful region rubbed thoroughly with this grand liniment. At once the pain departed. The lameness was rapidly relieved and in an hour I was able to be about my housework. I was rubbed again just before retiring, and awoke next day in the morning without a sign of my back trouble."

There is no sort of muscular pain that Nerviline won't cure quickly. Thousands swear by it for lumbago, sciatica, sciatica and lumbago. It sinks to the core of the pain—right through muscle, tissue and nerve—penetrates where no oily, greasy liniment can go, and invariably cures quickly. If you have an ache or a pain anywhere—use Nerviline and be sure you. Family size bottle, very large, 50c; trial size 25c at all dealers.

A Relief Train Eight Miles Long

If Loaded With Flour This Train Would Sustain Half a Million Belgians One Month

When the Belgian relief committee of Montreal cast up its accounts on the 15th of May last, and made a recapitulation of the goods sent to Belgium it was found that $600,662.15 given in cash by Canadians had been spent in Canada, and had purchased sufficient food, wheat and flour to fill over 350 freight cars.

In addition to this the gift of the various provinces of Canada of clothing, food products, wheat and flour made up a total of 1,031 cars, which, coupled together would make a train eight miles long.

Nova Scotia led in the quantity of food and clothing given. The donations of this province filled 273 freight cars. Ontario came second with 156 cars. Other provinces gave as follows: Quebec, 62 cars; Manitoba, 21 cars; Alberta, 57 cars; Saskatchewan, 13 cars; British Columbia, 21 cars; Prince Edward Island, 5 cars.

The needs of Belgium have increased since the Canadian Relief Committee made the shipments mentioned above, and a new effort is being made by the committee to meet this supreme hour of need. The Canadian people will undoubtedly respond to this as they have done in response than was given last spring.

If, however, an equal number of cars are loaded this year, each car contains 500 bags of flour, or the equivalent in wheat, more than a million of the seven million people of Belgium will be given sustenance for one month.

Sells Land in Arctic

Government Disposes of 20 Acres on Byiot Island to Gold Syndicate

The Dominion government is doing many real estate deals in the Arctic. Byiot Island in Hudson Bay, situated in latitude 72 degrees, 53 minutes, to the north, has been sold to the Arctic Islands, Ltd., of Toronto. The land is, of course, yet unsurveyed, and the sale is subject to the report of the land surveyor-general may later determine the exact acreage and invariably the purchaser has found traces of gold in the far north.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure with Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Early Wheat Growers

The growing of wheat was so long been the principal occupation of man that its geographical origin is unknown. The Egyptians claim it originated with Isis, while the Chinese say it was presented by the gods as a gift from heaven. The belief that the origination is the valley of the Euphrates and the Tigris is more generally accepted than any other. The word "wheat" in the Sanscrit language means wheat, and it has been found by the archaeologists in the kitchens of the prehistoric inhabitants of the Swiss Lake regions. It is generally agreed that, as the lowest cultivated wheat has been a faithful servant of mankind for six thousand years.

A Great Asset

According to Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture for Alberta, a pedigreed bull "Director," formerly of the Rothehild herd in England, and now in the western province, is the finest bull in the country. The minister says he is responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

Germany's Threat

When Germany has recovered from the war she will undertake a widespread, well organized work of education in America as to the relative merits of Germans and Britons. It will replace the hailed fog of lies now applied to American aberations.—Frankfurter Zeitung.

"I hope you are habitually truthful, Norah."

"I am on me own account, mum. I only tells lies to the callers for the family."

Canadian Remounts

Bronco dame they tan by on the ranges of the prairies,
Heard the cricken drumming in the scented saskatoon,
Saw the jewel humming-birds, in the flocks of pale canaries,
Heard the coyotes dirgling to the moldy northern moon;
Woolly foals, leggy foals, fools that scooped and wrestled and rollod in beds of golden-rod and charged to minute flags.
Saw the frosty Boaf wink out and comfortably nestled
Close beside their vixen dams beneath the wizard Lights.

Far from home and overseas, older now—and wiser,
Branded with the arrow brand, broke to trace and bit,
Tugging up the grey guns "to strafe the blooming Kaiser!"
Up the hill to Kemmel, where the Mauser bullets spit;
Suffered with the cold rains, mired and tired an- gory,
Plunging through the mud-holes as the batteries advance.
Far from home and overseas—but battling on to glory
With the English eighteen-pounders and the schrapnel-shrines of France! —Punch.

PILES

Are you a sufferer? Know that terrible aching, dragging-down pain, that robs you of pleasure, even of rest, and makes life miserable? Don't you believe in the law of average? If a remedy has cured hundreds of people, don't you think it likely it might at least cure you?

Just give Zam-Buk a fair trial!

Mr. J. McEwen, of Dundas, suffered from piles for fifteen years. He says: "I tried pretty nearly everything, but got no permanent relief until I tried Zam-Buk. This balm relieved the pain; continued use completely and permanently cured me."

The rich herbal essences of which Zam-Buk is composed, quickly remove congestion, relieve the dull, gnawing, burning pain, and cure.

All druggists and stores, or postpaid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 50c. box, 3 boxes $1.25.

ZAM-BUK

Mount Cavell Will Honor the Martyr

Government Has so Decided, Select ing Picturesque and Rugged Peak in Rockies

Canada has officially decided to honor the martyred Edith Cavell by perpetuating her name on one of the most rugged and picturesque of the western range of peaks. The government has designated a mountain in the Rockies, on the fringe of Alberta, after the heroine.

Mount Cavell is a snowclad, outstanding peak, more than 11,000 feet high, situated fifteen miles south of Jasper, at the junction of the Whirlpool and Athabaska Rivers, and west of the Whirlpool Valley. It is visible from the railway, and has heretofore been mistakenly known as Mount Gelikie, which is not visible from Jasper, but lies farther west on the Continental divide. Professors G. E. Howard and A. L. Mumm of the Jasper Park Alpine Club attempted to climb Mount Cavell in 1912, but failed, owing to unfavorable weather conditions. Howard and Mumm, with two United States climbers, succeeded ascending recently.

A number of "Mount Cavells" have been mentioned in the newspapers for months past, but the speculations and incorrect. The mountain will be known as Mount Cavell, not Mount Edith Cavell. Hon. Dr. Roche, minister of the interior, has approved of the name and the mountain, and the matter will come formally before the Geographic Board in the near future.

Alcoholism and Crime

Lord Alverstone, late Lord Chief of Justice of England, at the Twelfth International Congress on Alcoholism, stated that from 40 years' experience in the bar and on the bench he could affirm that 90 per cent. of all the crime of Great Britain had its origin in excessive drinking. A few years ago an average taken from reports received from 11 Canadian cities, representing every section from coast to coast, indicated that in 70 per cent. of all the police court cases alcohol was responsible for the offences. Although not quite such a bad record, famous partnership that has ever afflicted mankind.—Winnipeg Telegram.

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

Agricultural Plans for England After the War

To Prevent Young Men From Emigrating to the Colonies

Andrew Bonar Law, secretary for the colonies, speaking at the London school of economics, dealt with the problems that will arise after the war, referring particularly to agricultural ture. He declared that it was necessary for England to adopt a broad programme of agricultural development to prevent a too great number of men emigrating to the colonies.

"The government engaged in carrying on the war," said the Unionist leader, "has no easy task before it. A government which shoulders the duty of reconstruction after the war will have work no less difficult. The war has shown us that agriculture is still the most important of all our industries and in the British Isles we must look to agriculture.

"After the war large numbers of soldiers will not be willing to go back to tame employment. They will know how important is the strength of the imperial colonies, and we wish to see them grow in population with ours of our own race and ideals, but we don't want to see the healthiest and most vigorous of our people leaving their own land to fill up foreign lands. For that reason it is essential to make real efforts to place agriculture once on an attractive and profitable basis."

New Paper Substances

The U.S. Bureau of Plant Industry has published a bulletin describing what appears to be a valuable new source of paper. The material is the canipes nucifera Benth., a grass growing wild in abundance in Mexico. This is one of several possible paper-making plants that the bureau has under investigation. Year by year the demand for materials other than wood and rags capable of yielding paper on a commercial scale becomes more urgent. Wood is now used in the United States for pulp manufacture to the amount of about 4,500,000 cords a year, and the cost of pulpwood is steadily rising.

To Sell School Lands In Western Provinces

Premiers Have Concurred in Federal Government's Suggestion

The announcement is made by the department of the interior that a sale of school lands will be held in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta in the early part of June. The premiers of the three provinces have concurred in the suggestion of the federal government that the province would be an opportune time to place some of these lands on sale at public auction, in view of the phenomenal crop of last season, the good prices now prevailing, and the strong demand existing for the lands. The auction sales will be held at various central points in the three provinces named.

No general sales of school lands have been held for the past three years.

War Widows to be Settled in Canada

Commissioner D. C. Lamb of the Salvation Army, who came to Canada in connection with a project to settle British widows and their families in the overseas Dominions, in an interview intimated that war widows would form the majority of those to be settled in Canada by the Army scheme. In connection with this proposed work, General Booth is calling for a fund of a million dollars.

Just a Straight and Simple Story

MISS BLANCHARD TELLS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

They Cured Her Kidney Troubles and Other Sufferers Can Learn From Her Experiences How They Can Find a Cure.

Paquetville, Gloucester Co., N.B.—(Special)—Simple and straight to the point is Miss Blanchard's story told to Know It. Miss Blanchard says:—

"I suffered for a long time with my kidneys. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured me completely."

Now, that simple statement like that is worth a dozen learned dissertations on Kidney disease. It tells the sufferer from kidney trouble just what he or she wants to know—that a cure for it is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

For Dodd's Kidney Pills are no secret. They are a simple remedy for a kidney remedy. The reason why they cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Backache and Nervousness, Dropsy, Pain in the Back, and other diseases for which they are claimed as Kidney diseases or are caused by disordered kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure them by curing the kidneys.

A company of Sherwood Foresters were walking along the bank of a river when suddenly the commanding officer stopped. "Fall in!"

"No fear," answered a raw recruit, "I didn't join the Coldstream Guards."—Tit-Bits.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Des Moines and Booze

A Year Without Saloons the Most Prosperous in the History of the Place

After going a year without saloons the city of Des Moines makes this report through the Police and Health Departments:

"One year ago today, the eighty-six saloons of Des Moines closed their doors. Police and health men in touch with the affairs of the city have been ready to say that the past year has been the best, most prosperous and most orderly in the history of the city.

"Des Moines does not need to rely on general statistics to support the record of bank clearances is sufficient proof of a new high record in the city's progress. The bank clearance records show a 50 per cent increase in orders and a 100 per cent increase through the business district reveals the absence of unrentented store rooms. The demand for labor, coupled with extensive building operations, demonstrates the continued growth of Des Moines.

"Other cities of Iowa can logically expect prosperity such as has come to Des Moines, both as to the conduct of the city and the growth of public sentiment, favorable to the closing of the saloons. Unless the conditions are of politics turns the control of law enforcement agencies to unfriendly hands, recognition of the improved condition of affairs will be universal before many months have passed."—Nebraska State Journal.

"Breddern," said the colored preacher one Sunday morning, "I has decided to preach a series of sermons on de three parts. De first part I'll under-stand myself, de second I'll tell you will understan' an' Ah' won't be de third part nobody will understand."

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Why They're Bought

"I can certainly say the Gin Pills have done a lot of good for me.

Some four years ago I could not walk up stairs, my feet and ankles were so swollen, but that is now changed to Pills and the trouble has never returned. Mr. Gardner, 6 years of age, is taking them and feels fine.

MRS J.B. SALSBURY,
Camden East.

GIN PILLS are 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50 at all druggists. Sample sent free if requested. 20

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

GILLETT'S LYE

HAS NO EQUAL

It not only softens the water but doubles the cleaning power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

England's Public Record Offices

Twenty-five Miles of Shelves Full of Historical Records.

It's known to the millions who pass through the city of London every week a work of unparalleled magnitude at the Record Office, which by the public is in Chancery lane, has been going on for a number of years. In this office there are twenty-five miles of shelves, all full of historical material, dating back through the centuries as far as "Domesday Book."

It costs over $.26,000 a year to keep up the record office, the keeper of the records being the master of the rolls. The office was established by the public records act in 1838, and the records were taken from the treasury, the chapter house, Westminster, the rolls chapel, and elsewhere. Ever since that time the office has been constantly receiving accretion from the law courts, the government departments, and from various other quarters.

All sorts of records are kept, legal, historical, genealogical, statistical, and so varied are the contents of the office that antiquarian research of almost every kind can be made. There you will find the records of the star chamber and the old wards and liveries. State papers, domestic, colonial and foreign, formerly preserved in the state paper office in Whitehall, are now established by the public records act in 1838, and the records were taken from the treasury, the chapter house, Westminster, the rolls chapel, and elsewhere. Ever since that time the office has been constantly receiving accretion from the law courts, the government departments, and from various other quarters.

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NEURASTHENIA THAT FOLLOWS LA GRIPPE

Rest and a Tonic is the Proper Treatment Distinguished Medical Authority Says.

There is a form of neurasthenia that follows la grippe. Doctors call it "post-grippal" neurasthenia.

One of the foremost medical authorities of New York city in a lecture in the medical college there, said:

"Broadly speaking, every victim of la grippe will suffer from post-grippal neurasthenia also. Lowering of the nervous tone with increased irritability is the most striking effect of the disease, languor of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere. The only treatment calls for rest and a tonic."

If you have had la grippe the first time you had it you probably had some symptoms again: "Languor of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere." If you have any or all of these it means that you are suffering from the effects of la grippe and that you will not be well and free from danger of relapse until your blood is built up.

The treatment, says the distinguished physician, quoted above, is rest and a tonic. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a non-alcoholic tonic, are particularly suited for building up the blood and strengthening the nerves after an attack of grippe. The rich, red blood enriched by the ingredients from the system and transforms despondent grippe victims into cheerful, healthy, happy men and women.

If you have had la grippe do not wait for a relapse or for the neurasthenia that so often follows grippe, but at once get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now from the nearest drug store and begin the treatment at once. You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Stone Currency

Primitive Coin in Use by Natives of the Caroline Islands

The recent capture of the Carolina Islands from their brief German possessors has called attention to a remarkable primitive currency. In "The Island of Yap," by Dr. W. H. Furness, he describes the money in use on the island of Yap, one of the Caroline group. This money consists of a thick stone wheels from one to twelve feet in diameter with a hole through in the centre to permit carrying on a pole. These stones or "fei" are made at a quarry on the mainland brought from the Palao Islands four hundred miles away by raft and canoe.

"For all the primitiveness of this currency the Uaplans appear to have some of the elements of credit and to see the possibilities of deriving benefit from a medium of exchange that is not into circulation. If it is not convenient for the new owner of the fei to move it to his home he leaves it with the former owner, but by both old and new owner and by the Uaplans it is now considered part of his wealth. Dr. Furness tells of an instance of this attitude. One village had for generations been reputed wealthy because of the strength of their fei. A claim to a magnificent fei which at the time lay at the bottom of the sea. A son of another family in the village of Palao had been compelled to let it sink to save the lives of himself and his canoe men, but as it had all been shaped and chipped, and as the party agreed in their testimony as to its size and value, the financial wisdom of the village council was the wisest precedent of being under water rather than on land and need not interfere with its value. A fei remained ever after a source of purchasing power, a hidden gold mine.

"When the Germans took over the group from Spain after the Spanish-American war, they at once set out to compel the natives to build good roads. Command after command was disregarded. It was decided to force them, but in what currency? Gold they had none, none for the Germans did not want. Finally, by a flash of insight into the minds of another people, Captain Boluminski, one of the officials of the Fatherland, it was decided simply to send through the lanes and districts, marking certain fei with black crosses to show they belonged to the government. This novel currency was in a day the people turned out enmasse and the splendid system of roads was built. The government then published off the crosses, and the Uaplans still had a fortune in fei.

Though it seems somewhat strange, it will be seen by students of political economy that the basis of credit is almost the same as the great modern system of credit used by the civilized world. Gold has its value only by mutual agreement similar to the understanding which gave value to the stones, and in a country like Canada where there is little gold we print pieces of paper and agree that they are worth $1.00, $10.00, or $100.00 as the case may be.—Journal of the Canadian Bankers' Association

Mouth Organs Come Back

The plaintive melody of the Jew's harp and the wild free syncopation of the bones will mingle in the new Hawaiian airshafts.

Old-fashioned melodies from penny piccolos will lull London to sleep and the town will wake up to rags blared out on jingling tambourines.

Musical instruments that cost more than a shilling are to be taxed as luxuries and as such to be foreswore during the war.

Those costing less than a shilling are in royal favor.

A Royal proclamation published in the London Gazette announces that mouth-organs and musical instruments the value of which does not exceed a shilling are exempt from import duty. Regimental band coals and motor car accessories are put in the same class.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

A Passport

The archbishop of Canterbury tells a story in his important new London. The main entrance to the bey was opened, and a great crowd of the ball rushed in, digging alight from their equipages and. When a dusty four-in-hand of the square, driven by a fat, ruddy, bobbies rushed out and

"Get out of 'ere," one of the bobbies. "This entrance is reserved the archbishop."

With a wink and a backward jerk of his thumb, the irrepressible cabby replied cheerfully.

"I 'ave the old duffer inside."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Economy Campaign Starts in Britain

The National Organizing Committee on War Savings, has issued on appeal to all workers, urging economy in large houses to drastically reduce their staffs and close part of their houses.

The committee also urged that simpler meals be served and that modern luxuries, especially from Germany, be sacrificed in order to save money and release domestic labor for more useful purposes.

"No, sah," said Mr. Erastus Pinkley from behind the bars of the village lock-up. "Ah wouldn't a' got into no trouble wif de constable, sah, et it hadn't been fo' wimmen's lub oh dress."

"What on earth has dress got to do with it?" asked the amazed visitor.

"Well, sah, my wimmen folks, dey wasn't satisfied wif eatin' dat chicken. Dey had to go an' put de feathers on deir hats an' parade 'em as circumstantial evidence."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Granulated Eyelids, Injuries inflamed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists' 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes, 50c. For Book of the Eye Free write Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

A FEW HOURS' TIME

Has made a Big Difference

TO OUR STORE

Have you been made acquainted with our New Store? If not, give us a call and inspect the entire premises, from the Upstairs to the back of our elaborate Warehouse

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY

in every Department

15c HAIR RIBBONS
35⅛ inches wide, silk Taffeta Ribbon, 7 Colors, Special Price per yard **15c**

15c EMBROIDERY TRIMMINGS
In 4 yd pieces, All Staple Colors. Special price per piece **15c**

15c SUPER PEARL BUTTONS
In Staple Colors—makes the trimmings—per card **15c**

NEW SPRING HATS
For Ladies, Misses and Children in Many Shapes and Styles at Prices that are Moderate and Satisfactory.

THE INCREASING DEMAND OF 10 AND 15c VARIETY GOODS
and Household Necessities is your BOND of Satisfaction. Always something new.

GROCERY SPECIALS

$1.00 pkg Blue Ribbon Tea	89c
Crisco 1lb 8oz size, 29c 3lbs 1oz	59c
Pure Honey in Glass Jars	30c
Prepared Mustard in pint jars	25c
Dill Pickles in Quart Jars	35c
Tomato Catsup in quart bottles	25c
Sultana Raisins Bleached, 2 pkgs	35c
Pure Jams, Apple Mixture, per pail	50c
Soused Herring, Bruce's, 2 tins	25c
Sardines, 4 tins	25c
Salmon, B.C., 2 tins	25c
Fish Balls, in Fish Boullon	25c
Potted Meats, 3 tins	25c
Macaroni, 2 pkgs	25c
Oyster Shell, per 100lb Sack	$1.50
Purity Rolled Oats	25c

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School Report.

The attendance for the month has been fairly satisfactory, considering prevalance of severe colds, but it has not been as high as was expected.

In the various rooms the Percentage and perfect attendance is as follows:

Principal's Room
Pupils in attendance.....25
Percentage.....84.72
Perfect Attendance.

Gladys Walter, Alice Crawford, Katie Teare, James Lillie, Sophia Nasset, Vergil Ekstrom, Blanche Giffen, Frank Imlay, Martha Lilliedahl, Miriam Lilliedahl, Mildred Lilliedahl.

Miss Bolton's Room.
Pupils on Roll.....29
Percentage.....90.45
Perfect Attendance.

Grade 6.
Aubert Giffen, Phyllis Luck, Sarah Miller, Tom Pearcy, Florence Wicklow, Olga Nasset.

Grade 5.
Thornley Elford, John Giffen, Leonard Hill, Lily Wicklow, Cecil Brown.

Grade 7.
Arthur Lambert, Marjory Martin, Ben North, Ellen Gray.

Miss Horstman's Room
No of Pupils on Roll.....24
Percentage.....84.75
Perfect Attendance
Anson Chase, Freddy Cleeve, Eddie Collison, Emily Fergie, Helen McNair, Roberta Smith.

Miss Bell's Room.
Number of Pupils.....27
Percentage of Attendance..87.03
Perfect Attendance

Grade 4.
Eva Anderson, Alex Gray, Sidney Williams,

Grade 3.
Harold Tucker, Herbert Tucker, Eva Walter, Vera Williams.

Grade 2.
Lawrence Knight, William Miller.

Sale of Bulls.

Indications point to a most successful auction sale of bulls to be held at Calgary on the 11th and 12 of April. The bulls will be judged on Monday, the 10th of April,

There are 329 bulls entered for sale, and the following list shows the number of bulls which are eligible to be shown in the several classes:

HEREFORDS

3 years and over	5
30 months and under 3 years	3
2 years and under 30 months	15
18 months and under 21 years	55
Under 18 months	41
	119

SHORTHORNS

3 years and over	55
30 months and under 3 years	5
2 years and under 30 months	18
18 months and under 2 years	71
Under 18 months	52
	201

ABERDEEN ANGUS

3 years and over	6
2 years	1
18 months and under two years	14
Under 10 months	5
	26

Galloways 2, and one not placed, making a total of 329.

W. T. McDonald, Live Stock Commissioner, Victoria, B. C., will place the awards, and S. W. Paisley of Lacombe, will again act as auctioneer. The bulls will all be stabled in the horse show building where the sale will be held, and the secretary's office has the problem of balancing up the accounts after the sale on Wednesday night, making out the necessary shipping lists, and having the animals all loaded and away to all parts of Alberta as well as to a number of B.C., and Saskatchewan points; and to clear out all the stalls necessary to stable the bulls and get the same building ready for the spring Horse show to commence at 2 o'clock on Thursday, the 13th of April. The horse show will be continued for the afternoons and evenings of the 14th and 15th.

The new basis of payment of prizes will be inaugurated for the first time at the spring horse show.

Nightingale Notes

Miss Ida McKenzie returned home from Olds Agricultural School last week.

The Nightingale Branch of the Women's Institute held a very enjoyable meeting on Friday afternoon March 31st. There were fourteen ladies present. After the ordinary business of the meeting was over, they had the pleasure of hearing the report of the annual convention held in Edmonton on March 1st, and 2nd, 1916 Mrs. J. A. McKenzie, our official delegate, gave us a very glowing account of the good things heard at the convention. How all the ladies were invited to spend an afternoon at the Parliament building to hear the passing of the Equal Franchise Bill which gives the women of Alberta equal rights with men. She also spoke of the splendid courtesy which was extended to the ladies of the convention and of the wish that was expressed to the effect that every member of the Institute might have been present.

We are contemplating a Box Social in the near future—notice of date to be announced later. We wish all the ladies in the Nightingale neighborhood would lay aside their petty jealousies and show their patriotism by coming and helping in this great work. It is surely something we are all interested in.

Our next meeting will be held on Friday, April 28th. The C.P.R. have kindly given permission to use one of the rooms at the depot as a Red Cross room. The Red Cross supplies will be kept there and ladies desiring sewing can apply to Mrs Dawson, who is the president of the Red Cross Group. If each lady could furnish a chair or some other article of furniture in order that our room be made more comfortable, it would be greatly appreciated. Remember the date and place — The C.P.R. Depot, April 28th. Bring your thimble.

Butter Wrappers, $2.50 for 500, printed. We supply the paper. The Strathmore Standard

AUDITOR'S FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND ANNUAL RETURNS OF THE RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF KEOMA NO. 249 FOR THE YEAR 1915

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

RECEIPTS

Bal. from previous year	$ 2039.38
Proceeds of Notes	16400.00
Municipal Tax's	6507.36
School Taxes	4735.81
Educational Taxes	947.14
Hail Insurance Taxes	6341.02
Destruction Noxious Weeds	30.00
Over deposited by Sec-Treas	17.69
Total	$36708.40

EXPENDITURE

Paid on Notes		$16,400.00
Debenture Instalment		3371.00
Discounts: Notes or Debentures		286.50
Printing, postage and stationery		278.22
Salaries:		
Sec-Treas.	$1375.00	
Auditor	60.00	
		1435.00
Council Fees: Meetings and Mileage		224.90
Council Fees: supervision of roads and mileage		43.70
Refunds		5.46
Destruct'n Noxious Weeds		235.00
Labor		391.20
Material		49.55
Provincial Treas. Account		
Educational Taxes		1714.10
Hail Insurance Board		2490.08
School Districts		5381.48
Legal charges for collections		341.07
Exchange and War Tax Stamps		21.69
Miscellaneous		32.78
Balance:		
Bank Book Bal $3996.67		3996.67
		$36708.40

ASSETS

Balance:		
Bank Book Bal $3996.67		
		3996.67
Uncollected Education Tax		1390.61
,, Hail Insurance Tax		5677.69
,, Municipal Tax		8585.02
,, School Tax		6635 77
Advances to School Dist's		5381.48
Advances to Hail Ins Board		2490.08
Office Furniture and Fixtures		175.00
Tools and Machinery		750.00
Land and Buildings		700.00
		$35,782.32

LIABILITIES

Uncol'd Education Taxes	$1390.61
,, Hail Ins. Taxes	5677.69
,, School Taxes	6635 77
Notes held by Bank	3000.00
Balance Assets over Liabilities	19[illegible]5
	$35.78[illegible]

MEMORANDUM OF EQUIPMENT

Number of Safes, 1; of Desks 1; of Chairs, 1.
Number of Graders, 0; Wheels Scrapers, 4; Slush Scrapers, 65.
Number of Ploughs, 7
Other equipment—2 floats, 1 filing case, 1 table, 1 stove, maps, etc.

DEBENTURE STATEMENT

By-law No.	Purpose of issue	Amount Authorized	Term of Issue	Rate of Interest	Amount Sold	Amount Received	Amount on hand	Remarks
1.	2 Roads	5000.00	20	6	5000.00	4665.00	Nil	All Coupons
2.	2 Roads	20000.00	20	6	20000.00	19754.00	Nil	Paid to date

I certify to the correctness of this Report.
Dated at Irricana this 29th Day of March, 1916.
D. W. POWERS, Sec.-Treas.
R. J. FOWLER, Auditor.

PARTICULARS OF ASSESSMENT AND TAX ACCOUNTS

MUNICIPAL TAXES

Township	Tp.	Rge.	Mer.	Total Assessed Valuation	Current Taxes 4 mills on $	Arrears Taxes	Total Taxes Current and Arrears	Total Amount Collected	Amount Uncollected
25	24	4		$ 6686.00	$685.39	$ 909 68	$1084.08	$813.22	$1171.70
26	24	4		212839.00	885.60	788.67	1652.27	413.53	1238.74
27	24	4		206660.00	843.96	515.85	1359.81	960.77	399.04
25	25	4		244043.00	984.87	896.23	1881.10	837.99	1043.11
26	25	4		216068.00	895.79	514.32	1361.01	960.91	400.10
27	25	4		138044.00	543.36	356.21	899.59	517.95	381.65
25	26	4		236920.00	980.05	1804.29	2784.34	876.94	1907.40
26	26	4		156558.00	719.69	1096.47	1756.16	738.14	1018.02
27	26	4		108803.00	794.81	799.50	1594.31	560.00	1034.22
				$1684337.00	$7582.43	$7711.14	$15293.57	$6708.55	$8585.02

EDUCATIONAL TAXES

Township	Tp.	Rge.	Mer.	Arrears Taxes	Current Taxes	Total Taxes	Amount Collected	Amount Uncollected
25	24	4		$172.28	$ 58.08	$230.36	$ 63.87	$166.49
26	24	4		368.50	170.54	547.90	153.31	394.59
27	24	4		138.82	175.82	314.64	206.80	107.84
25	25	4		5.58		5.58		5.58
26	25	4		143.28	181.84	325.12	215.34	109.78
27	25	4		26.90	22.00	48.90	15.10	33.80
25	26	4		274.04	56.37	330.41	50.41	280.00
26	26	4		715.92	110.74	826.66	195.48	629.18
27	26	4		75.15	35.52	110.65	148.30	62.35
				$1518.31	$810.91	$2329.22	$947.61	$1390.61

Amount Forwarded to Provincial Treasurer — $1714.10

HAIL INSURANCE TAX

Total Assessable Acreage	Rate Per Acre	Current Taxes	Arrears Taxes	Total Taxes	Amount Collected	Amount Uncollected	Amount Forwarded to Hail Insurance Board
128216	5½	$7051.89	$4637.11	$11689.00	$6011.31	$5677.69	$2490.08

SCHOOL TAXES

Name of School District	No of School District	Total Assessed Valuation	Mill Rate	Current Taxes	Arrears Taxes	Total Taxes Current and Arrears	Total Amount Collected	Amount Uncollected	Amount Paid to School District	Amount Paid in Excess Collection
Akenstad	1985	$13586.00	6	$ 289.45	$ 208.43	$ 497.88	$ 142.22	$ 355.66	$ 558.80	$416.78
Berta Vale	2331	58558.00	12	668.39	922.79	1921.72	401.16	1520.56	575.53	174.37
Nightingale	2484	49054.00	8	1264.00	1344.58	2908.67	1445.15	1463.52	1073.49	
Hervey	2485	8393.00	6	275.38	821.62	1097.00	212.44	884.56	333.44	141.00
Serviceberry	2288	122800.00	3	192.00	660.98	782.98	665.91	317.07	329.50	
Beiseker	2705	88265.00	7	644.99	466.41	1113 40	620.64	492.76	693.73	
Greendell	2683	69670.00	5½	357.53	357.53	715.06	479.33	179.06	481.74	2.41
Bynthawa	2529	80450.00	12	1060.13	968.84	2027.96	692.41	1335.55	1014.58	322.17
Keoma	2527	41712.00	6	302.79	316.27	618.66	278.23	340.43	383.35	151.12
Account Collections									15.32	
		635116.00		5008.37	6258.89	11327.26	4091 49	6635.77	5381.48	1207.85

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A Sitting of the District Court will be held at STRATHMORE on MONDAY, APRIL 10th, commencing at 10 a.m.

Dated at Edmonton 30th March, 1916.

A. G. BROWNING,
Deputy Attorney General.

JOHN S. McKAY
Licensed Auctioneer
STRATHMORE, ALBERTA

CORRECT ENGLISH
HOW TO USE IT
JOSEPHINE TURK BAKER, Editor
A MONTHLY MAGAZINE
For Progressive Men and Women, Business and Professional; Club-Women Teachers Students Ministers Doctors Lawyers Stenographers and for all who wish to Speak and Write Correct English.

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SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THE sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Application must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency, but not sub-agency, on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres on certain conditions. A homesteader may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent also 50 acres under cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation (subject to reduction in case of rough, stony or stony land). Live Stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—6-16

A. L. CLEMENS
AUCTIONEER
Arrangements can be made with Jos Van Tighem, Union Bank Strathmore, or myself at High River

DR. J. ELMER WRIGHT
DENTAL SURGEON
21 Aull Block, Cor 12th Ave. and 1st St., W. Calgary, Alta.
Phones—Office M1086, Res. W3181

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following described lands situated in the Town of Strathmore, will be sold at Public Auction at the Town Hall, Strathmore, on Saturday, the 22nd day of April, 1916, at 2 p.m.

Lots 35 and 38, Block 1, Plan 4810 N.
Lots 20, 27 and 28, Block 2, Plan 4810 N.
Lots 14, 15, 25, 26 and 27, Block 4, Plan 4810 N.
Lots 19 and 20, Block 7, Plan 5894 P.

Dated at Strathmore, Alberta, March 10th, 1916.

GEO. H. HILL,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Telephone R102 P.O. Box 171
ROSEMERE FARM
STRATHMORE
MILK & CREAM IN BOTTLES
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J. BOLTON

J. J. PETRIE
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public
Suite 2, Mills Block, 322a 8th Ave. W Calgary
Attends Lambert Block, Strathmore Friday afternoon and Saturday.